

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Departmental Financial Performance

1.1 Expenses

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<u>Note 1.1A: Employee Benefits</u>		
Wages and salaries	547,741	540,945
Superannuation		
Defined contribution plans	38,681	36,212
Defined benefit plans	40,634	40,544
Leave and other entitlements	57,788	48,078
Fringe benefits expense	101,049	98,637
Separation and redundancies	8,128	11,373
Other employee expenses	3,511	2,775
Total employee benefits	797,532	778,564

Accounting policy

Accounting policies for employee benefits are included in Section 6 People and Relationships.

Note 1.1B: Suppliers

Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Passport expenses	127,966	118,280
Property related expenses (excluding rent)	100,201	94,336
Security expenses	79,642	78,195
Information and communication technology	84,737	89,415
Travel expenses	53,572	59,281
Staff related expenses	37,992	42,209
Office expenses	24,284	22,994
Legal and other professional services	11,362	12,747
Contractors	4,278	6,203
Consultants	5,140	5,180
Remuneration of auditors	665	665
Other expenses	15,915	18,234
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	545,754	547,739
Goods supplied	71,262	64,092
Services rendered	474,492	483,647
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	545,754	547,739
Other suppliers		
Operating lease rentals	146,746	147,308
Workers compensation expenses	1,851	3,315
Total other suppliers	148,597	150,623
Total suppliers	694,351	698,362

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

Within 1 year	138,743	127,296
Between 1 to 5 years	346,732	314,034
More than 5 years	336,566	359,437
Total operating lease commitments	822,041	800,767

DFAT currently has 782 (2017: 757) property related commitments.

Commitments are GST or VAT inclusive where relevant. GST / VAT included in the total contractual commitments in place for operating leases payable expected to be recovered is \$49.525m (2017: \$45.660m).

DFAT has in place 351 (2017: 358) property related sub-lease rental income arrangements for the above operating lease commitments. Sub-lease revenue expected to be received is \$136.730m (2017: \$104.630m).

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	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
<u>Note 1.1C: Write-down and Impairment of Assets</u>		
Write-down of leasehold improvements	1,541	924
Write-down of plant and equipment	5,795	3,754
Write-down of intangibles	99	212
Write-down of assets under construction	422	7,462
Write-down of financial assets	86	89
Write-off of inventories	66	-
Movement in impairment allowance	111	(33)
Total write-down and impairment of assets	8,120	12,408

Accounting policy

Accounting policies for financial assets are included at Note 3.1: Financial Assets. Accounting policies for non-financial assets are included at Note 3.2: Non-Financial Assets.

1.2 Income

Note 1.2A: Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services

Sale of goods	733	665
Rendering of services	138,185	134,451
Total sale of goods and rendering of services	138,918	135,116

Accounting policy

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when:

- the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, and
- DFAT retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of contracts at the reporting date, determined by reference to the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of the transaction. The revenue is recognised when:

- the amount of revenue, stage of completion and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and
- it is probable that the economic benefits of the transaction will flow to DFAT.

Note 1.2B: Other Revenue

Foreign tax refunds	4,577	5,219
Sponsorship revenue	1,149	1,710
Resources received free of charge	683	665
Other revenue	139	6,919
Total other revenue	6,548	14,513

Accounting policy

Resources received free of charge are recognised as revenue when, and only when, a fair value can be reliably determined and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated. Use of those resources is recognised as an expense.

Sponsorship revenue is recognised as revenue at the fair value of the sponsorship received or receivable when the probable economic benefits of the transaction will flow to DFAT.

Foreign tax refunds are recognised as revenue at the fair value of the foreign tax refund when the probable economic benefits of the transaction will flow to DFAT.