Annex 1 Summary of the MTR approach and KIAT Logic Model

1.1 Assumptions, limitations and risk mitigation for the KIAT MTR process

The review team is making the following assumptions regarding the evaluation process:

- DFAT will, where necessary, facilitate introductions to stakeholders and partners taking part in the review and will, where relevant, join with the review team for consultations (DFAT has indicated it will join all GOI consultations).
- A sufficient proportion of stakeholders will make themselves available to participate in the review in a timely
 way and provide the contact information of other potential interviewees, if relevant.
- DFAT, the managing contractor and other stakeholders (if relevant) will provide timely access to all pertinent
 documents to assist the review (noting that a substantial, wide range of documents has already been
 provided by DFAT during the preparatory stage).
- DFAT and other relevant parties will provide feedback on deliverables based on the agreed schedule and document structure.

The review team envisages the limitations below and proposes the following adaptive strategies to ensure that the review is completed on time, is robust, consultative and meets the expectations of DFAT.

Limitation	Mitigation and adaptive strategies
Tight timeframe	Due to the review schedule, the review team will have approximately three weeks to conduct consultations prior to the delivery of the Aide Memoire. Strategies to ensure a complete range of stakeholders are covered will include: 1) identify which stakeholders to engage initially, 2) conduct group interviews where practical, particularly within specific agencies or work groups, and 3) review team members may conduct consultations separately to enable more than one discussion to take place at a specific time. The volume of documents to be reviewed will need to be managed carefully to ensure completeness, but in a timely manner. A document tracker spreadsheet is being used to support the identification and review of documents.
Language barrier	Data collection tools and consultations will be designed and conducted in English. This may result in challenges caused by a language barrier when communicating with Indonesian interviewees. To minimise this challenge, a translator will be present when participants may not be comfortable communicating in English. We will actively seek the opinions of interviewees in group situations where their English may not be as strong as other group members.
Inability to travel	Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated travel restrictions, it is not possible for the review team to travel to Indonesia. This prevents in-person discussions and field visits to infrastructure sites or data gathering with infrastructure users. All discussions will take place via video or teleconference and Tetra Tech has engaged a national coordinator in Indonesia to facilitate any arrangements required for these.
GESI restructure	As DFAT has recognised, budgetary limitations and the decision to focus on gender and social inclusion mainstreaming curtails the Facility's ability to achieve some of the aims of its GESI and civil society organisation (CSO) engagement strategy. This may present added complexity when assessing Facility performance in this area. The review team will seek to build an accurate picture of the changes made and consider their implications going forward.
Evolving context	Changes to the budget and scope of KIAT occurred during the first phase. This includes adaptions required to the impacts of COVID-19, which also resulted in a new Australian aid strategy and reporting requirements for KIAT. The review team will need to look beyond the timeframe of the current Partnerships for Recovery strategy (which concludes in June 2022) to a recovery phase that will be covered by a new and as-yet undeveloped strategic framework. The review team will remain cognisant of these factors when considering the review data, findings and recommendations.

Limitation	Mitigation and adaptive strategies
Remote consultations	We are aware of the difficulties of conducting some remote consultations, which can be challenging due to the lack of face-to-face interaction, especially in cross-cultural contexts. The review team will try as much as possible to build rapport with respondent(s), starting with a clear introduction of themselves and the review. The discussions will be informal and semi-structured to ensure that the atmosphere and conversation is open. This will allow the review team to probe the respondents more and seek further clarity on some of their perspectives.

1.2 Safety and ethical practice

1.2.1 Travel risks and restrictions

The review team will manage travel risks through the adoption of a remote format for those based in Indonesia. Stakeholders and partners based there will not be expected to travel in order to participate in the review. Opportunities may arise for the review team to meet and consult Australian-based stakeholders and partners.

1.2.2 Voluntarism, confidentiality and anonymity

All participation in consultations will be voluntary. The review team will take all practical steps to protect the confidentiality and anonymity of respondents. We will not directly attribute any quotes in the report, although due to the specific nature of the roles and responsibilities of interviewees, there may be cases where it is not possible to completely safeguard their identity. The review team will consider any such instances on a case-by-case basis to ensure that these circumstances do not present risks for any individual involved.

1.3 Overview of the methodological approach

The review will adopt **qualitative and quantitative** approaches to answering the review questions. We will be informed by enquiry through **two principle methods**:

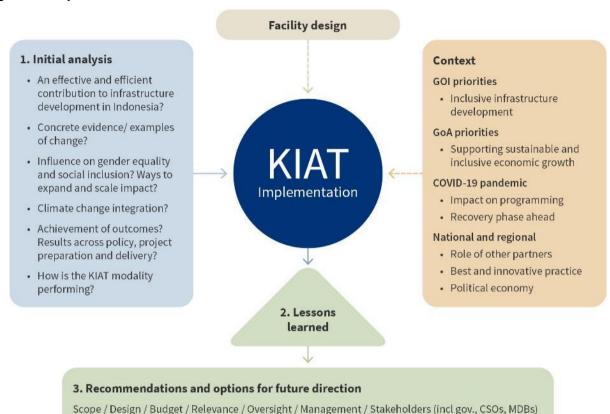
- 1. A **Document Review** focussing largely on documents provided by DFAT and the KIAT managing contractor, supplemented where possible with third party sources.
- 2. Consultations with key stakeholders and partners, in individual or group settings, with people who have been purposively selected due to the nature of their professional role and relationship to KIAT.

The review will test the **program theory of the Facility**. The basis of this will be the Facility Logic from the 2019 KIAT Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (MEF) and the theory of change in the Gender Equality, Social Inclusion and Civil Society Engagement Strategy 2018-2021. This will provide the team with the core understanding of what the Facility is seeking to achieve and how. The program logic was important in refining the analytical framework below, especially in assessing how KIAT activities may be contributing to the achievement of the EOFOs.

The **limitations discussed above have informed** the review method focussing on document review and consultations. In the current environment, it is not possible to visit infrastructure sites, commission technical audits or conduct on-the-ground research among beneficiary communities in Indonesia. The approach is also informed by the mid-term nature of the review, owing to which the Facility may be expected to have made progress toward the achievement of the end-of-facility outcomes, but it may be too soon to produce independent analysis or quantitative social or economic data about program impacts. KIAT does not have specific mid-term targets against which to assess performance.

Figure 1 provides a simplified overview of the review process, with a focus on the sequencing of analysis to take place and the contextual factors that will need to be considered.

Figure 1 Simplified overview of the KIAT mid-term review



1.4 Summary of data sources

The review will primarily use the following data sources.

Data source	Description
GOI staff - national	Senior staff from national ministries and agencies, including the Coordinating Ministry for Economy Affairs, Coordinating Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Investment, Ministry of Finance, Bappenas (the Ministry of National Development Planning), and the Ministry of Public Works and Housing. Staff from other agencies engaged may include from TransJakarta, state-owned and private infrastructure companies, and the Indonesian National Public Procurement Agency.
GOI staff - provincial As sites of KIAT sub-national activity, staff from the city governments of Palem Semarang and Makassar and the Regency Government of Probolinggo, and representatives from their relevant water utilities.	
DFAT staff	Staff from Post and Canberra, including staff with program management and supervisory responsibility for KIAT, sectoral focal points for economic governance, infrastructure, water, gender and climate change, and senior staff responsible for aid program oversight and strategic direction.
Multilateral development partner staff	Staff from the Asian Development Bank, the World Bank, and potentially the Islamic Development Bank.
Managing Contractor staff	Staff from Cardno, the Managing Contractor responsible for KIAT implementation. This will include the Facility Director, the deputy directors responsible for Transport, and Water and Sanitation, and Strategic Planning and Performance (now including GESI responsibilities).

Data source	Description
CSO staff	Civil society staff (or representatives) from Himpunan Wanita Disabilitas Indonesia (an association for women with disabilities) and Ikatan Wanita Pengusaha Indonesia (Indonesian Business Women Association).
DFAT documents	Including relevant aid program strategies and plans, KIAT activity approvals, Partner Performance Assessments and Aid Quality Checks, and the COVID-19 Development Response Plan and associated Performance Assessment Framework for Indonesia.
KIAT documents	Including the Design Document, GESI and CSE Strategy, MEF and the Communications and Engagement Strategy; workplans and activity, progress and performance reports; contract documents; Risk Management Plan and Register; and Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs.
ITSAP documents and staff	The team will also review documents related to ITSAP. Targeted consultations will be considered with ITSAP staff and stakeholders on an as-needed basis.

1.5 Summary of the analytical framework

With reference to the KIAT Logic Model (see below), the analysis will focus initially on whether:

- The activities selected and implemented by KIAT are leading to the improved policy environment and enhanced human capacities and motivation envisaged by the design
- The approach taken to GESI is influencing the conduct and nature of KIAT activities
- Evidence exists that the changes resulting from KIAT activities are leading to the achievement—or likely achievement by the 2026—of the EOFOs.

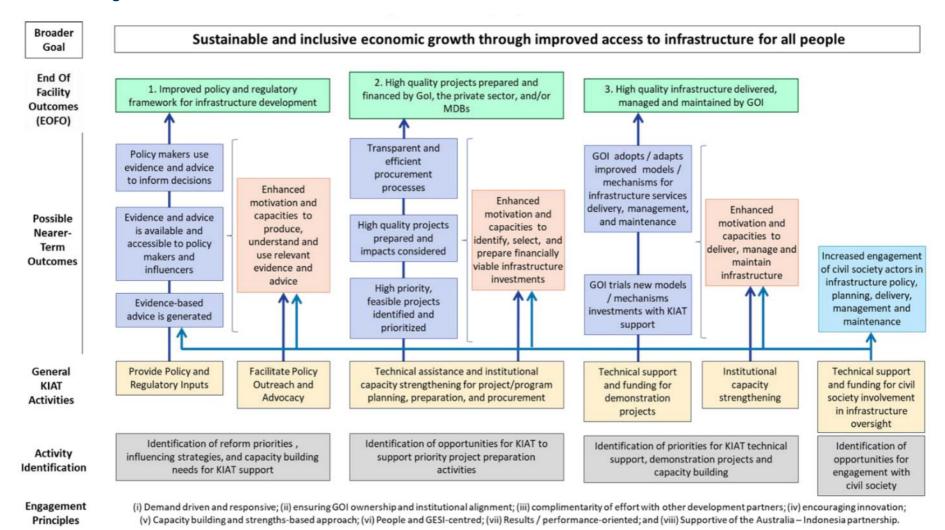
The review is pitched at this activity-outcome level in recognition of the mid-term nature of the exercise. It will require analysis of:

- The substantive outputs of the Facility, be it evidence generated to inform decision-making, new policies or practices adopted by GOI partners, or physical infrastructure developed: these are represented by the PURPLE BOXES on the Logic Model
- The knowledge, attitude, and practice of partner GOI agencies to determine if they are both motivated and
 capable of using these outputs to deliver high quality infrastructure and if this is occurring in practice: these
 are represented by the ORANGE BOXES on the Logic Model.

Based upon the results of these enquiries, the review will seek to draw lessons learned that can then be used to develop recommendations or options for the future direction of the Facility. When developing recommendations or options for the future, the review team will have consideration of:

- The evolving context in which the KIAT Facility is operating
- Evolving and emerging innovative global practice on infrastructure
- The current and anticipated priorities and incentives of the governments of Indonesia and Australia.

1.6 KIAT Logic Model



Annex 2 Key stakeholders consulted

Key stakeholders consulted

No	Counterpart	Name and Title/Position	Sector (Role)
		Government of Indonesia	
1	Coordinating Ministry	Dr. Ir. Wahyu Utomo, MS Deputy for Spatial and Regional Development Coordinating Ministry for Economy Affairs/Head of KPPIP	IFF (LCS and Waste to Energy Semarang)
2	Ministry of Finance	Dr. Farid Arif Wibowo, S.E., Ak. MID. Ec Head of Sub-directorate for Regulation and Development of Infrastructure Financing Policies	IFF (key contact on IFF and PPP within MOF)
3	Bappenas	Ir. Josaphat Rizal Primana, MSc Deputy Minister for Infrastructure	Lead GOI counterpart and Co-chair KIAT of Management Committee
4	Bappenas	Drs. Sri Bagus Guritno, AK, M.Sc Director for Development Funding System and Procedure/PPP Unit consultation	IFF/PPP
5	Bappenas	Novie Andriana Deputy Director for Development Funding System and Procedure/PPP Unit	IFF/PPP
6	Bappenas	Tri Dewi Virgiyanti, ST MEM Director for Urban, Housing and Settlement Areas	WatSan and GESI
7	Bappenas	Ikhwan Hakim, ST MSc, Ph.D Director for Transport	Transport
8	MPWH	Ir. Rachman Arief Dienaputra, M.Eng. Director for Bureau of Budget Planning and International Cooperation (Head of the MPWH Gender Mainstreaming Implementation Team) Secretariat General - MPWH	Crosscutting (GESI-CSE, Grant Administration, Transport)
9	MPWH	Riono Suprapto, SE, ST, MT Director for Centre of Facilitation of Regional Infrastructure Secretariat General - MPWH	Transport (PHJD and PRIM)
10	MPWH	Dian Suci Hastuti Chair of Central Project Management Unit (CPMU) Program Hibah Air Minum	WatSan
11	MPWH	Ir. Miftachul Munir, MT Director for Road and Bridge Management System and Strategy Bina Marga - MPWH	Transport (IRAMS-DC and IPD)
12	MPWH	Dr. Ir. Hedy Rahardian Director General of Highways Bina Marga	Road Management, VicRoads
13	PT SMI	Darwin Trisna Djajawinata, M.Sc. Director for Operation and Finance PT Sarana Multi Infrastructure (PTSMI)	IFF (Lead on IFF; Waste to Energy Semarang Project & for future engagement; ADB Green Financing Pipeline)

No	Counterpart	Name and Title/Position	Sector (Role)
14	PT SMI	Fakhrul Aufa Team Leader, Business Development and Strategic Partnerships	IFF (Lead on IFF; Waste to Energy Semarang Project & for future engagement; ADB Green Financing Pipeline)
15	LKPP	Rusli Maryadi, Ak.M.M Head of Sub-directorate of Specific Procurement Policy Development	IFF (Solo Street lighting Model Bidding Documents Pilot)
16	LKPP	Ilvia Restu Utami, SE Head of Section of Specific Procurement Policy Development II	IFF (Solo Street lighting Model Bidding Documents Pilot)
17	Local Government	Ir. Akhmad Bastari, MT., IPM Head of Public Works Agency of Palembang City	Water and Sanitation - Palembang City Sewerage Project (PCSP)
18	Local Government	Eka Gustini, S.T., M.Si., M.Sc Head of the technical implementation Unit of Wastewater Treatment	Water and Sanitation - PCSP
19	Local Government	Adhe Abdilah, S.T. Committed Officer (PPK) PCSP	Water and Sanitation - PCSP
20	Local Government	Ir. R.A. Marlina Sylvia, S.T., M.Si., M.Sc., IPM Head of Irrigation and Waste	Water and Sanitation - PCSP
21	Local Government	Dr. Bunyamin, M. PD Head of Bappeda	IFF - Waste to Energy (WtE) Project
22	Local Government	Drs. Sapto Adi Sugihartono, MM Head of Agency for Environment	IFF - WtE Project
23	Local Government	Drs. Satrio Imam Poetranto Head of Legal Department	IFF - WtE Project
24	Local Government	Arwita Mawarti, ST, MT Head of Infrastructure Planning and Regional Development, Development Planning Agency at sub-national level	IFF - WtE Project
		Multilateral Development Banks	
25	ADB	Amr J. Qari Principal Infrastructure Specialist Indonesian Residence Mission	ADB lead on infrastructure
26	World Bank	Alessandra Campanaro Program Leader for Sustainable Development and Infrastructure in Indonesia and Timor Leste	World Bank Country TF lead on infrastructure
27	World Bank	Jeffrey Delmon Senior Infrastructure Finance Specialist	Key KIAT contact on Limited Concession Scheme
28	World Bank	Elena Y. Chesheva Senior Transport Specialist	Transport
29	World Bank	Irma Magdalena Setiono Senior Water Supply and Sanitation Specialist	WatSan

No	Counterpart	Name and Title/Position	Sector (Role)			
		Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade				
30	Jakarta Post	Allaster Cox, Chargé d'Affaires/Deputy Head of Mission	Development agenda & KIAT			
31	Jakarta Post	Anna McNicol - Acting Minister Counsellor Ell	KIAT MTR SES			
32	Jakarta Post	James Gilbert - Acting Counsellor IEG	PROSPERA (ITSAP)			
33	Jakarta Post	Esther Ewagata - First Secretary, Infrastructure	Transport and MDBs			
34	Jakarta Post	Jason Court - First Secretary, Infrastructure	Watsan, IFF and Ops			
35	Jakarta Post	Piter Edward – Unit Manager, Infrastructure	Infrastructure			
36	Jakarta Post	Widya Setyowati – Unit Manager, Water and Sanitation	Watsan			
37	Canberra	Tim Gill – Manager, Infrastructure and Climate Branch	DFAT climate change			
38	Canberra	Annemarie Reerink – Senior Gender Adviser, Gender Equality Branch (GEB)	GESI			
39	Canberra	Philip Martin – Director, Gender, Inclusion & Social Safeguards, AIFFP GESI and Safeguards				
40	Canberra	Dan Heldon – Director, Indonesia Human Development Section	Human development			
41	Canberra	Lachlan McCall – Economist	Economics			
42	Austrade	Sally Deane – Minister	Bilateral trade/investment			
43	Canberra	Ben Williams	P4I & KIAT			
44	Canberra	Justin Baguley	Developmentagenda			
45	Canberra	Peter Kelly – Infrastructure Specialist, Climate Integration and Programming Branch	Technical Advisory Groups			
46	Canberra	Kirsten Hawke – Lead Design Specialist	Technical Advisory Groups			
47	ITSAP/DITRC	Charlie Brister - Counsellor for Transport	ITSAP			
48	ITSAP/DITRC	Steve Shaw - Director for International Programs, Aviation Group, Department of Infrastructure	ITSAP			
		Private Sector				
49	PwC	Julian Smith - Infrastructure Finance Adviser PwC	IFF (WtE project OBC and FBC; Transaction Advisor Solo Street Lighting)			
		Civil Society Organisations				
50	cso	Sri Sukarni Himpunan Wanita Disabilitas Indonesia – Provinsi NTB Indonesian Association of Women with Disabilities – NTB	GESI-CSE and Transport (PRIM/PHJD) focus on disability			

No	Counterpart	Name and Title/Position	Sector (Role)	
51	CSO	Dr. Rita Siswati Ikatan Wanita Pengusaha Indonesia/IWAPI (Indonesian Business Women Association) NTB	GESI-CSE and Transport (PRIM/PHJD) focus on women's economic empowerment	
		Project Staff		
52	KIAT	Steven Chaytor – Facility Director and A/g Deputy Director Infrastructure Financing	Leadership team	
53	KIAT	Paul Wright – Deputy Director, Strategic Planning and Performance	Leadership team	
54	KIAT	Shamas Bajwa – Deputy Director Transport	Leadership team	
55	KIAT	Jim Coucouvinis – Deputy Director Watsan Leadership team		
56	KIAT	Daniel Brown – Facility Operations Manager	Leadership Team	
57	KIAT Arlan Rahman – Senior Project Manager Infr		Infrastructure Financing	
58	KIAT	KIAT Endah Trista Agustiana - Gender Adviser GESI		
59	KIAT Felicity Pascoe – Senior GESI/CSE Adviser		GESI	

Annex 3 List of documents reviewed

List of documents reviewed

Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) Documents

1	Approval Documents	•	Email #1
2	Approval Documents	•	Email #2
3	Approval Documents	•	Email #3
4	Approval Documents	•	Email #4
5	Approval Documents	•	Email #5
6	Approval Documents	•	Email #6
7	Approval Documents	•	Email #7
8	Approval Documents	•	Email #8
9	Approval Documents	•	Email #9
10	Approval Documents	•	Email #10
11	COVID-19 Response and Recovery	•	DFAT Partnerships for Recovery: Australia's COVID-19 Development Response
12	COVID-19 Response and Recovery	•	Indonesia COVID-19 Development Response Plan
13	DFAT Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	•	DFAT PAF 2019-2020
14	DFAT PAF	•	DFAT PAF 2020-2021
15	Facility investments	•	Guidance note: Facility investments

Kemitraan Indonesia Australia untuk Infrastruktur (KIAT) Documents

16	Design Documents	•	KIAT Facility Design Document
17	Design Documents	•	Project design document: Palembang City Sewerage Project

18	Contracts and Amendments	•	Subsidiary Arrangement
19	Contracts and Amendments	•	Deed of Amendment 1
20	Contracts and Amendments	•	Deed of Amendment 2
21	Contracts and Amendments	•	Deed of Amendment 3
22	Contracts and Amendments	•	Deed of Amendment 4
23	Contracts and Amendments	•	Deed of Amendment 5
24	Contracts and Amendments	•	KIAT Contract
25	Facility Operations Manual (FOM) and Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)	•	FOM
26	FOM and SOP	•	SOP 2019
27	FOM and SOP	•	SOP 2020
28	Monitoring and Evaluation Framework	•	Performance System Guidance
29	Monitoring and Evaluation Framework	•	Performance System PowerPoint Presentation
30	Monitoring and Evaluation Framework	•	Independent Reviewer Summaries from Performance Review sessions
31	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	KIAT Transition Activity Report 2018
32	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Facility and Activity FY20-21
33	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Facility Milestones FY19-20
34	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Activity Milestones FY18-19
35	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Performance System Report
36	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Inception Report – Developing Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans for Two Cities
37	Facility and Activity based Milestones	•	Inception Report - TransJakarta

Facility and Activity based Milestones Bimonthly Program and Performance Reports (BPPRs)	•	Palembang City Sanitation Project Communications Strategy and Workplan
	•	
		BPPR April-Dec 2017
BPPR	•	BPPR Jan-June 2018
BPPR	•	BPPR July-Dec 2018
BPPR	•	BPPR Jan-June 2019
BPPR	•	BPPR July-Dec 2019
BPPR	•	BPPR Jan-June 2020
BPPR	•	BPPR June – December 2020
Technical Committee (TC) and Management Committee (MC) meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #1 Nov 2017
TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #2 May 2018
TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #3 Nov 2018
TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #4 May 2019
TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #5 Jan 2020
TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting Minutes #6 Oct 2020
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Transport Sept 2020
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Transport Nov 2019
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Transport Oct 2019
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Transport May 2019
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Water and Sanitation (WatSan) Sept 2020
TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes WatSan May 2019
	BPPR BPPR BPPR BPPR Technical Committee (TC) and Management Committee (MC) meeting TC and MC meeting	BPPR BPPR BPPR BPPR Technical Committee (TC) and Management Committee (MC) meeting TC and MC meeting

58	TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes Infrastructure Funding and Financing Sept 2020
59	TC and MC meeting	•	TC Meeting Minutes GESI-CSE May 2019
60	TC and MC meeting	•	MC Meeting powerpoint presentation March 2021
61	Partner Performance Assessments (PPAs) and Aid Quality Checks (AQCs)	•	AQC 2018
62	PPAs and AQCs	•	AQC 2019
63	PPAs and AQCs	•	AQC 2020
64	PPAs and AQCs	•	PPA 2018
65	PPAs and AQCs	•	PPA 2019
66	PPAs and AQCs	•	PPA 2020
67	Risk Management Plan and Register	•	KIAT Risk Management Plan
68	Risk Management Plan and Register	•	KIAT Risk Register 2019-2020
69	Risk Management Plan and Register	•	KIAT Risk Register 2016 and 2018
70	PAF	•	PAF Milestone Reporting for KIAT
71	PAF	•	Relevant Significant Policy Change (SPC) submissions National Roads Improvement
72	PAF	•	Relevant SPC submissions Program Hibah Jalan Daerah (PHJD)
73	PAF	•	Relevant SPC Evidence Base
74	PAF	•	Potential SPCs 2020
75	PAF	•	Summary of examples of change
76	PAF	•	Performance planning workbook PHJD
77	PAF	•	Performance review workbook: improving project delivery

78	Stakeholders	List of Key Counterparts
79	Strategies	KIAT Mini-Strategies (GESI/Transport/Infrastructure Funding and Financing/WaSH)
80	Strategies	GESI-CSE Mini Strategy
81	Strategies	KIAT Communications Strategy
82	Strategies	KIAT GESI-CSE Strategy 2018-2021
83	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #1 Private Participation in Infrastructure
84	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #2 National State-owned Enterprises
85	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #3 Sub-national Roads Maintenance
86	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #4 CSO engagement
87	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #5 Water Utility Performance
88	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #6 Renewable Energy
89	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #7 Regional and City-owned Enterprises in Infrastructure
90	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #8 Urban Mobility and Connectivity
91	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #9 Donor Financing for Infrastructure Development
92	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #10 The New Water Law: State Control and Private Investment
93	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #11 Sustainable Urban Mobility Planning
94	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #12 The Role of Infrastructure in COVID-19 Response and Recovery
95	Indonesia Infrastructure Issues Briefs	Brief #13 COVID-19 Detection in Wastewater
96	Facility and Activity based Milestones	GAP Implementation Report
97	Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)	PHJD activity level GAP

98	Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)	•	PHJD local government GAP
99	99 Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI) • Performance-based grant project implementation consultant monthly snapshot		Performance-based grant project implementation consultant monthly snapshot
100	Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)	•	PHJD project implementation consultant monthly snapshot
101	Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)	•	PHJD six-monthly progress report

Indonesia Transport Safety Assistance Package (ITSAP) Documents

eviews	•	ITSAP Review Report (2015)
		TOAL Review Report (2010)
eviews	•	Prospera Formative Review
eviews	•	DFAT Management Response to Prospera Formative Review Recommendation
nnual Reports	•	2018-19: Australian Maritime Safety Authority (AMSA)
nnual Reports	•	2018-19: Australian Transport Safety Bureau (ATSB)
nnual Reports	•	2018-19: Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA)
nnual Reports	•	2018-19: Infrastructure
nnual Reports	•	2019-20: AMSA
nnual Reports	•	2019-20: Air services
nnual Reports	•	2019-20: ATSB
nnual Reports	•	2019-20: CASA
nnual Reports	•	2019-20: Infrastructure
nnual Reports	•	Prospera Annual Report and Workplan 2020
ealth Check Notes	•	Air services
ealth Check Notes	•	AMSA
evenue en	views nual Reports nual Reports	views nual Reports nual Reports

117	Health Check Notes	•	ATSB
118	Health Check Notes	•	CASA
119	Health Check Notes	•	Department of Infrastructure
120	Prospera Newsletters	•	An inspector calls
121	Prospera Newsletters	•	Slickresponse
122	Prospera Newsletters	•	Testing the water
123	Workplans	•	ITSAP 2020 Extension Workplan
124	Workplans	•	ITSAP 2020
125	Workplans	•	ITSAP Jun-19
126	Workplans	•	ITSAP Jun-18

Government of Indonesia Documents

127 Ministerial document • Ministry of Finance Coordination Forum slideshow
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Annex 4 Stories of change

Palembang City Sanitation Project

Activity Stream	Urban Sanitation		
Duration	2017-present		
Location	Palembang City, South Sumatra		
Reach	The project will connect 12,000 households and businesses with sewerage services and directly benefit about 60,000 people in Palembang City. In coming years, a planned expansion would connect an additional 40,000 people.		
Value	Approximately AUD6 million in KIAT technical support, complementing an Australian grant of AUD45 million for the treatment plant, pumping station and earthworks. Indonesian central and local governments contributed AUD64m to the overall project.		
EOFO(s)	 Improved policies and regulations for infrastructure development High quality projects prepared for financing by Government of Indonesia (GoI), multilateral development banks (MDBs) or the private sector High quality infrastructure delivery, management and maintenance by GoI. 		

Situation

Less than one per cent (1%) of Indonesians are connected to a piped sanitation system, which undermines household and public health. An example of this problem can be found in Palembang, where septic tanks leak and raw sewerage enters the river, endangering the health of the city's population. The GoI wants to see 90% access to 'feasible and safe' sanitation by the end of 2024.

Palembang has become the site of new approach to high quality infrastructure development with a city government in the lead. This will create a new waste water treatment plant and sewerage system for the city while also modelling a new approach to infrastructure development in Indonesia, which could unlock more much-needed investment in other cities.



Figure 1: The Palembang wastewater treatment plant under construction in January 2021

Response

KIAT has been involved in the Palembang City Sanitation Project (PCSP) from the very beginning, helping to scope and structure the approach. Once agreement was reached between the Gol agencies involved, KIAT put in place a single Construction Management Consultant who performed tasks such as:

- conducted a socio-economic survey of affected households and a baseline survey of the project to allow the evaluation of project impacts (with a control area outside the plant catchment); and
- prepared documentation for tendering and contract award of the treatment plant and pumping station, and provided support for the local government of Palembang in the review of the project contractor's detailed workplan and procedures.

This has enabled the Gol to implement a new model of infrastructure development, different from the traditional approach whereby the central government leads on tendering and construction and then hands over to a local government to run. This approach can result in unsustainable infrastructure projects that are beyond the capacity of provincial and local government to manage effectively. With the provincial government

now involved every step of the way, the infrastructure will be sustainable and fit for purpose. According to Gol officials consulted by the MTR, "this is the way forward for Indonesia."

More directly, KIAT helped set up important project approaches including:

- the local government tendered and awarded contracts using an international competitive bidding process;
- a Project Administration Manual guiding the implementation of the project was agreed between the central GoI agencies, the local government and DFAT; and
- project plans were updated to meet revised effluent standards announced by the Ministry of Environment.

Results

A ground-breaking event on the site of the waste water treatment plant was held on 4 November 2020 and construction is progressing well. A Communications Strategy has been developed by KIAT to highlight achievements as the project achieves progress milestones and household begin to connect.

The PCSP also presented an opportunity to develop commercial links between Australia and Indonesia. The project is a consortium between Australian company McConnell Dowell and Indonesia's PT Pembangunan Perumahan. KIAT staff believe the status as an official Australian project helped foster interest by the private sector.

The PCSP incorporates a Gender Action Plan with four focus areas: women's empowerment; social development, laws and regulations; and institutional strengthening.

However, the COVID-19 pandemic has placed new demands on the Palembang City budget while also reducing revenues. This means that the city is struggling to fund the socialisation strategy developed for the PCSP, which is needed to explain the purpose of the works in progress and encourage households to connect to the system.

Sustainability

The waste water plant and sewerage system has been designed to be affordable to run. KIAT will provide a package of technical assistance for the water utility that will operate the finished works, including advice on tariff setting and billing of customers

The Palembang city officials say the project has been a big learning experience from them, taking them from where they could not envision what such buildings and systems would look like to a place where they will soon be able to offer safe sanitation connections for their citizens.

Central agencies have learned a lot too, particularly when it comes to developing infrastructure projects that draw on multiple budgets. During the MTR consultations they recognized that this approach will be needed in many other cities in Indonesia, which makes the experience and demonstration project very important.

Challenges

A project modelling a new approach such as this encounters a variety of challenges. These have included:

- bureaucratic hurdles in securing the multi-year budgets required
- insufficient responses to the initial works tender
- construction delays due to COVID-19 and now the challenge of funding socialisation activities.

The testing of the approach with KIAT support and development of attendant systems should help alleviate or avoid similar problems in future. Nevertheless, a careful balance will always be required to ensure infrastructure projects are manageable within local capacities while also meeting required national and international standards.

Attracting private financing for a Waste-to-Energy Plant in Semarang City

Activity Stream	Infrastructure Financing (Stream 7)			
Duration	Jan 2019 – Present			
Location	Semarang City, Central Java			
Reach	If developed, the plant will reduce landfill requirements by 80%			
Value	Approximately AUD1.5 million (KIAT component)			
EOFO(s)	2. High quality projects prepared for financing by Gol, MDBs or the private sector			



Figure 2: The Waste-to-Energy plant will enable Semarang to manage its waste more effectively

Situation

The City of Semarang has a population of 1.8 million with economic growth above 5 per cent pa in recent years. Total waste generated by the city was estimated at around 1,227 tonnes per day (tpd). At this rate, the Jatibarang landfill was due to be full in the next two to three years, leaving Semarang with serious waste disposal challenges.

Response

In response, KIAT supported the City of Semarang in the preparation of a Waste-to-Energy (WTE) project, critical to addressing the future of the city's solid waste management. By installing and operating a WTE plant to divert and use waste in electric power generation, it is estimated that the landfilling void requirement would be reduced by around 80% (and generate 17MW of electricity enough to power 17,000 homes).

KIAT assistance initially included an Outline Business Case (OBC), or pre-feasibility study, to consider key technical and financial aspects of the project and to look at the feasibility of using a Private Public Partnership (PPP) scheme. The findings of the OBC were that operating the project as a PPP would provide a positive contribution to the economy measured by:

- economic net present value (value of all future cash flows over the entire life of an investment) estimated at around IDR1,106 billion (AUD101 million)
- favourable economic return on government spending (16%)
- a beneficial contribution to the economy as measured by the benefit cost ratio of 1.42.

KIAT has supported the preparation of a Final Business Case and PPP bidding documents to enable the City Semarang to enter the transaction stage and tender the project. The Ministry of Finance has formally

appointed PT SMI to be the transaction adviser for the project and KIAT will provide support on clarifications regarding the project feasibility (including the financial modelling and alternative simulations requested).

Separate from the procurement documents, KIAT has prepared a discussion paper on opportunities for the integration of GESI and CSE in PPP procurement processes and is working to progress this. KIAT's consideration of GESI in the Business Case process thus far was noted by the City of Semarang has being exceptionally effective and detailed. A Gender Action Plan is being finalised in conjunction with the completion of the Final Business Case, with the aim of considering GESI issues and opportunities for mainstreaming at the preparation, transaction and operations phases.

Results

KIAT's support for the project has been designed to demonstrate to other Indonesian cities confronting similar waste management concerns the suitability and replicability of the PPP model for infrastructure. The consultation process with the City of Semarang verified how useful KIAT's support had been in building local capabilities, with their conduct being "professional and procedural."

As Semarang and other cities in Indonesia look to explore the feasibility of developing and implementing other renewable energy projects in coming years, KIAT's support for this process will be used as a marker of good practice going forward, and also as a benchmark for the "type of problems that need to be considered during the development process."

Civil society engagement for GESI under the Provincial Roads Improvement and Maintenance Program (PRIM)

Activity Stream	Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI) – Civil Society Engagement (CSE)
Duration	2017- April 2019
Location	Nusa Tenggara Barat (NTB) Province
Reach	KIAT provided grants and capacity strengthening to four organisations in NTB Province
Value	Approximately AUD80,000 in grant funding
EOFO(s)	 Improved policies and regulations for infrastructure development High quality infrastructure delivery, management and maintenance by Gol.



Figure 3: Attendees at a Road Traffic and Transport Forum

Situation

In NTB Province women's voices have traditionally been marginalised from public policy and leadership roles. This is particularly the case in the construction sector, which is known to be a male-dominated sector. Further, while laws and standards on accessibility in infrastructure exist, they are not consistently complied with.¹

The civil society sector is well placed to drive accessible and inclusive infrastructure development. Civil society organisations (CSOs) are strong in advocating on issues and mobilising communities. However, CSOs commonly face funding issues and lack organisation capability, therefore requiring capacity strengthening and funding support to work more effectively.²

Response

Through the GESI-CSE Strategy, KIAT engaged with civil society to increase the participation of women and other vulnerable groups across the whole project cycle of infrastructure activities over the longer term.

Following preliminary discussions with local governments and CSOs to identify areas of interest, and technical and financial capacity, KIAT designed and implemented a program of capacity building activities in areas such as workplans, budgeting and financial reports, complimented by a series of grants.

¹ Japan International Cooperation Agency, 2015, 'Data collection survey on disability and development in Indonesia', https://openjicareport.jica.go.jp/pdf/12245775.pdf.

² Management Systems International, 2018, 'Assessment report: civil society organisations in Indonesia', United States Agency for International Development, https://pdf.usaid.gov/pdf_docs/PA00T6KQ.pdf.

The program provided grants to four CSOs in NTB to strengthen GESI and CSE in the Provincial Roads Improvement and Maintenance (PRIM) program. Delivered by KIAT's GESI-CSE Unit, the grants provided capacity strengthening for the organisations and support to implement activities for improved transportation for women, disabled and members of other vulnerable groups through Road Traffic and Transport Forum (RTTF) model. Two CSOs, the Indonesian Women in Business Association (IWAPI), and the Indonesian Association for Women with Disabilities (HWDI), were also chosen to receive support to carry out their activities.

Results

The grants to CSOs increased representation of women and disability groups in RTTF ³, improved capacity among the local women's business association, improved networks among women sub-contractors and government and improved the flow of information and data on road maintenance tenders.

The support provided to HWDI was a particular success. With their grant funding and the support provided by KIAT to conduct action research, HWDI successfully petitioned the local government to build accessible walkways in the Cakra Business Zone and equip several buses with hydraulic lifts. In April 2018, the Governor of West Nusa Tenggara Province issued Decree No 551.1.2/353/2018 which formalised the inclusion of HWDI as a representative on the RTTF. This representation on the RTTF has seen non-government representatives on the forum increase from 10 per cent in 2014 to over 50 per cent in 2018.

HWDI representative: "We were hesitant to do any engagement with local government because we were afraid that we would not be heard [and] that they would not listen to us. But after we gained more confidence, we learned ways to conduct advocacy from our cooperation with KIAT. In the Cakra business zone, we have roads that can be accessed by the disabled, that's based on the action research that we've done. And we shared the results with the local government from that action research. This will enhance the human capacity, the human resources from disabled women, it also gives us better understanding for our organisation. Our organisation is now much better after having the [Memorandum of Understanding] with KIAT."

In addition, HWDI now benefits from the provision of a free office by the Vice Governor for a period of two years and was invited by the Provincial Government to provide inputs into the drafting of the Provincial Regulation on People with Disabilities.

KIAT also supported IWAPI to convene two workshops targeting women's participation in infrastructure, and helped the organisation build capacity among women contractors in competing for tenders. Senior staff from the organisation noted change on both an organisational and individual level following the grants program, with the experience leading to shifts in their mindset around wider inclusion issues, such as disability, as well as developing their financial management and advocacy skills.

Both HWDI and IWAPI expressed a clear interest in working with KIAT again on a similar initiative, and agreed that the model is well positioned for scaling up.

³ The RTTF aims to improve road safety and the representation of women and people with disabilities, as well as to improve the implementation of relevant regulations on roads, strategic planning and M&E. It plays a key role in overseeing PRIM and helping to resolve the concerns of all road users in NTB Province.

Annex 5 List of programmed and over-programmed activities (as of December 2020)

KIAT list of programmed and overprogrammed activities (as of December 2020)

Activity stream	Status	Activity
Urban Water Supply	Programmed	Performance Based Grant for Water Utilities
		Technical Assistance to Bappenas
		National Water Agency
		Regional Water Supply Systems (formerly Regional Water Utilities)
		Review of the GOI-funded Water Hibah
	Overprogrammed	Water Supply and Sanitation Index (WSSI)
		Eastern Islands Water Governance (formerly titled NTT NTB Water Governance)
		Water Resource Allocation for Urban and Non-urban Use
		Institutional Review of BPPSPAM
Urban Sanitation	Programmed	Palembang City Sewerage Project
		sAIIG and Sanitation Hibah
		DKI Jakarta: Improvements to Sanitation Services to Zone 5 and Capacity Development
	Overprogrammed	National Sanitation Platform
		Palembang PDAM Capacity Development
Urban Solid Waste Management	Programmed	DKI Jakarta: Upgrade of Waste Collection and Transportation System
	Overprogrammed	DKI Jakarta: ITF (Waste to Energy) Project Preparation
National Road Network Development and Management	Programmed	Road Preservation Fund
		Road Network Planning and Programming
		Improving Project Delivery
		Integrated Road Asset Management Systems and Data Collection
	Overprogrammed	Road Development Strategic Assessment
		Competency Based Training System for Road Construction Workers
		Network Monitoring and Citizen Feedback App (JAKI)
Sub-National Road Network Development and Management	Programmed	Program Hibah Jalan Daerah
		PRIM (Probolinggo)
	Overprogrammed	-

Urban Mobility and Road Safety	Programmed	Crisis/Pandemic Management Framework (TransJakarta)
		Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans (Semarang / Makassar)
		Jakarta Transit Oriented Development and Pedestrian Oriented Design – Pilot Project and Capacity Building
		Developing a Performance Benchmarking Mechanism for Public Transport Jakarta
	Overprogrammed	Road Safety Masterplan
Infrastructure Funding and Financing	Programmed	Strengthening the functioning of the PPP Joint Office
		Strengthening procurement documentation (Model Bidding Documents (MBDs)); policy, regulations and guidance material on Preparatory Agency and Probity requirements for PPP schemes
		Preparation of Semarang PPP Waste to Energy Project
	Overprogrammed	Support to DGH – Availability Payments
		LRT Semarang
		Technical Assistance to Yogyakarta Waste to Energy (WtE) Solid Waste Management Project
		Valuation of Assets for concessions – social and environmental valuation
		Ciptutat Markets PPP
		MOHA – Availability Payments
		Market Sounding Standard Operating Procedures
		PTSMI – prefeasibility, financial instruments, transactions and capacity building
GESI-CSE	Programmed	Civil Society Engagement – GESIT
		Inclusive Economic Empowerment – PERINTIS
		GESI-CSE Adviser position: MPWH
	Overprogrammed	Research, Knowledge and Learning
		Enabling Employment of Vulnerable Groups

Source: BPPR 31 December 2020, Page 43-44.