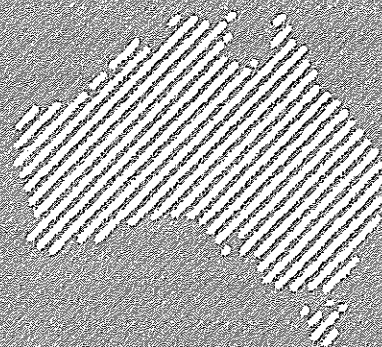
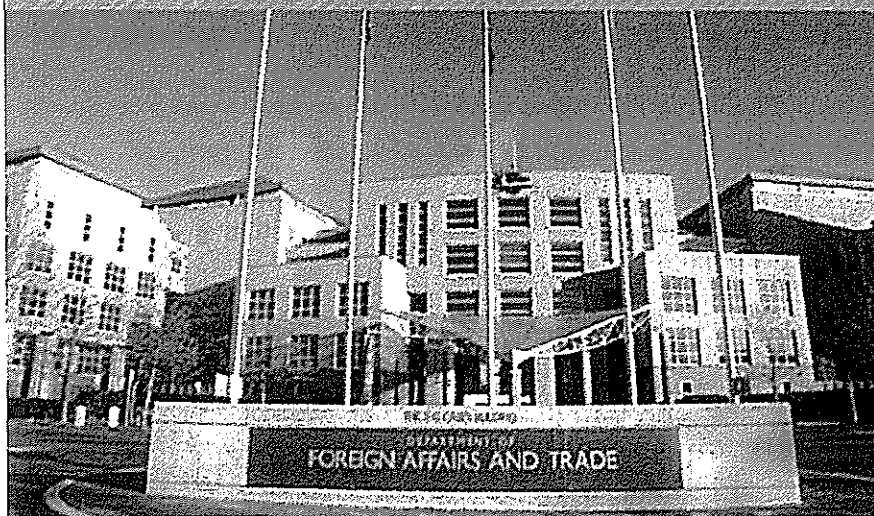




Australian Government

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

INCOMING FOREIGN MINISTER BRIEF



August 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PRIORITIES FOR WEEK ONE	3
FORTHCOMING TRAVEL	4
THE INDO PACIFIC	6
Issues for Immediate Attention.....	
PACIFIC STEP-UP	10
Issues for Immediate Attention.....	
GLOBAL COOPERATION.....	11
Issues for Immediate Attention.....	
KEEPING AUSTRALIANS SAFE AND SECURE.....	13
Issues for Immediate Attention.....	
DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	17
Where we give aid	
PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW	20
ORGANISATIONAL CHART	REFERENCE DOCUMENT A
SENIOR EXECUTIVE BIOGRAPHIES	REFERENCE DOCUMENT B
MAP OF OVERSEAS NETWORK	REFERENCE DOCUMENT C
LIST OF OVERSEAS POSTS	REFERENCE DOCUMENT D
MAP OF TOP 5 COUNTRIES FOR CONSULAR CASES	REFERENCE DOCUMENT E

PRIORITIES FOR WEEK ONE

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

- Be aware that Prime Minister Morrison intends to travel to Indonesia at the end of August to finalise the Indonesia Free Trade Agreement (Indonesia-Australia Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement).

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 34 (3), s 47C, s 47E(d)

- Confirm travel schedule and domestic commitments for next month, as per table below.
- Agree that we schedule phone calls with key Ministerial counterparts in the near future as follows:

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

FORTHCOMING TRAVEL

3-5 SEPTEMBER (SEE ISSUES FOR EARLY ATTENTION, P10)	PACIFIC ISLANDS FORUM LEADERS MEETING We expect the Prime Minister to request you represent him at the PIF leaders meeting. This is the key annual event for Australia's engagement in the Pacific. s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)	NAURU
24 SEPTEMBER – 1 OCTOBER	UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY (UNGA) LEADERS' WEEK AND POSSIBLE BILATERAL VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES UNGA Leaders week, the world's premier multilateral event, presents an early opportunity to meet your most important counterparts and shape outcomes on issues of national interests. s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)	NEW YORK

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

DOMESTIC EVENTS AND INCOMING VISITS

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

THE INDO-PACIFIC

Australia's security and prosperity are best served by an open, inclusive and prosperous Indo-Pacific region in which the rights of all states are respected. We continue to encourage Australia's most important partners—the United States and China—to engage the region in a manner that promotes security and prosperity. The Indo-Pacific democracies of Japan, Indonesia, India and the Republic of Korea are of first order importance to Australia, both as major bilateral partners in their own right and as countries that will influence the shape of the regional order. Southeast Asia frames Australia's northern approaches and is of profound significance for our future.

Issues for early attention

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 34 (3), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Page redacted

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33 (a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33 (a)(iii), s 47 C, s 47E(d)

DFAT-DECLASSIFIED
COPY ISSUED UNDER FOI ACT 1982

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Soft Power Review

The Foreign Policy White Paper committed the Government to conduct the first-ever review of Australia's soft power - the power of attraction and ideas. The Department is leading this whole-of-government review. A public consultation process is underway, which includes an outreach campaign in each state and territory in September and October.

s 47C, s 47E(d)

PACIFIC STEP-UP

The stability and economic progress of Papua New Guinea, other Pacific island countries and Timor-Leste is of fundamental importance to Australia. s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Issues for early attention

Pacific Islands Forum

We have been advised that the Prime Minister is likely to ask you to represent him at the Pacific Islands Forum (PIF) leaders meeting, scheduled for 3-5 September in Nauru.

High-level attendance at the PIF leaders meetings in Nauru will be important for Australia's engagement with the Pacific,
s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

GLOBAL COOPERATION

Australia's interests are strongly served by acting with others to support a rules-based international order. Existing international rules and organisations that serve our interests are being challenged. Our global agenda concentrates on issues where Australia has vital security, economic and other interests, and where we are most likely to achieve results.

Issues for early attention

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Human Rights Council

In January 2018, Australia commenced its inaugural three-year term on the 47-member United Nations' Human Rights Council (HRC) as a key expression of Australia's commitment to a strong multilateral human rights system and to advancing human rights globally. It is in our national interest to shape the work of the HRC and to uphold the international rules-based order.

The next session of the Human Rights Council is scheduled for 10-28 September. As part of this, we will ask you for decisions on co-sponsorship of resolutions, voting positions and national statements,

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

KEEPING AUSTRALIANS SAFE AND SECURE

Australia faces a diverse range of risks that threaten our security, our freedom and our values. The strength and vitality of our alliance relationship with the United States remains fundamental to our interests. We must remain engaged on a broad range of security issues—including preventing and countering the use of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, securing stronger counter-terrorism and counter violent extremism cooperation, and reducing the threat of people smuggling and incidences of human trafficking in the Indo-Pacific. One of our most important national interests is ensuring that national decision-making is transparent and our institutions remain free from foreign interference. You will co-chair, with your Indonesian counterpart Foreign Minister Retno Marsudi, the Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime.

The department will work closely with other agencies, including the Departments of Defence and Home Affairs and the national intelligence community, to facilitate this work. The ongoing efforts of the department's Ambassadors for Counter-Terrorism, Cyber Affairs and People Smuggling and Human Trafficking are key.

Issues for early attention

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Cyber Security

An increasing dependence on global ICT networks means that the potential costs of disruption are large and growing. At the extreme, a cyber attack could seriously compromise national security.

s 33(a)(i), s 47C, s 47 E(d)

We are providing a package of cyber security support to PNG, focused on APEC Leaders week, but backed up by a sustained partnership. This support complements the Coral Sea Cables project by ensuring PNG is equipped to embrace the opportunities of increased connectivity, safely.s 47C, s 47 E(d)

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47 E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 34 (3), s 47C, s 47 E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 33(b), s 47C, s 47 E(d)

s 33(a)(i), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

MH17

As you know, MH17 was shot down in Ukrainian airspace on 17 July 2014 resulting in the deaths of 298 passengers and crew, including 38 people who called Australia home. Australia, through the Australian Federal Police, is a key member of a Joint Investigation Team (JIT) also comprising Malaysia, the Netherlands, Belgium and Ukraine which is conducting a criminal investigation into what happened. JIT findings will support the eventual criminal prosecution of accused perpetrators in a Dutch national court.

In addition to the criminal process, on 25 May 2018 Australia and the Netherlands initiated a state responsibility claim against Russia for its role. This was on the basis of JIT evidence that the missile used to bring down the aircraft belonged to the 53rd brigade of the Russian army. s 33(b), s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

DFAT-DECLASSIFIED
COPY ISSUED UNDER FOI ACT 1982

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(iii), s 47C, s 47E(d)

Consular and Crisis Management

s 47C, s 47E(d)

DFAT manages around 12,000 consular cases each year. Current high profile individual cases include:

s 47C, s 47E(d), s 47 F(1)

We provide travel advice and consular information through our travel advice on the Smartraveller website. You will be asked to approve raising the travel advice level for whole countries, including after-hours.

Under the Australian Government Crisis Management Framework you lead the Australian Government's response to any crises overseas, including terror attacks, that impact Australians or Australian interests. DFAT coordinates and leads the whole-of-government crisis response and can deploy a range of crisis response mechanisms, including crisis response teams, and convenes an Interdepartmental Emergency Taskforce (IDETF).

DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The White Paper commits Australia to pursuing an active agenda, integrated across our diplomatic, security, economic and development policies, in support of our vision for the Indo-Pacific.

Our development assistance program (\$4.2 billion in 2018-19) is a whole-of-Australia commitment to reducing poverty and promoting prosperity for people in developing countries, predominately in the Indo-Pacific region.

Our region is home to countries with significantly different development prospects. Some 327 million people live in extreme poverty (less than US\$1.90/day). Eleven of our top fifteen development partner countries are fragile or conflict affected. And 84 per cent of people affected by natural disasters worldwide live in our region.

While some countries in Asia are experiencing dynamic economic growth, many struggle with significant pockets of poverty. Pacific countries have fewer prospects for growth and look to Australia to support their economic integration with the broader region and, through this, to help build greater economic resilience.

The strategic framework for our aid is outlined in Australian aid: promoting prosperity, reducing poverty, enhancing stability ("Australian Aid") released in 2014, and informed by the White Paper. Ninety per cent of our bilateral ODA to countries is directed to the Indo-Pacific region with the Pacific (\$1.3 billion in 2018-19) the largest. (Note: we also make significant investments through multilateral institutions and regional and global funds). Ninety per cent of Australia's aid program is managed by DFAT, with the balance managed by other government agencies, including the Australian Federal Police.

s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 47C, s 47E(d)

s 33(a)(iii)

s 33(a)(iii)

Humanitarian Assistance

The Government has a humanitarian program to allow Australia to rapidly respond to crises in our region. This includes deploying Australian expertise and resources to crises in our region such as the recent Thai cave rescue, Cyclone Gita in Tonga, the dam collapse in Laos and Ambae volcano evacuation in Vanuatu. The humanitarian program also provides life-saving assistance

to over 68 million people displaced globally today. The Foreign Policy White Paper committed to increasing the humanitarian program to over \$500m annually to ensure Australia can address the increasing humanitarian needs in our region and globally.

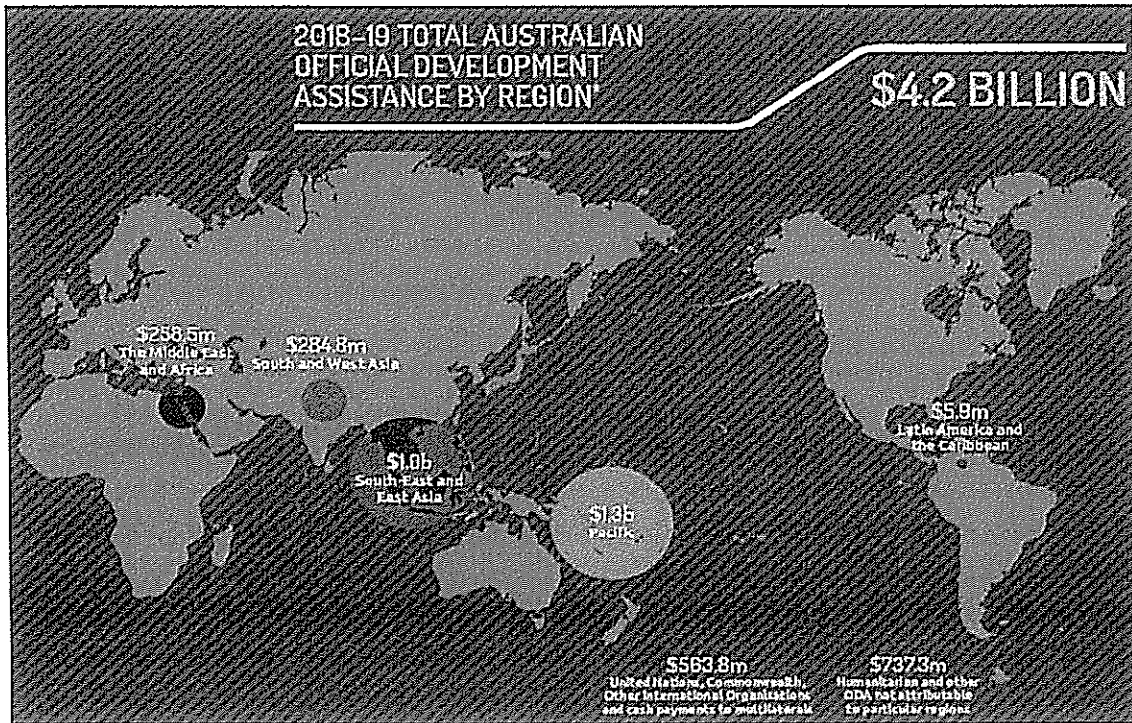


Figure 1: Where we give aid – 2018-19 Total Australian Official Development Assistance by Region

PORTFOLIO DETAILS

The Foreign Affairs and Trade portfolio is made up of six agencies: the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade; Australian Trade Commission (Austrade); Australian Secret Intelligence Service (ASIS); Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research (ACIAR); Tourism Australia; and Export Finance and Insurance Corporation (EFIC).

The department has a broad range of functions. We lead Australia's international engagement, in foreign policy, trade, security and development. We also manage a global secure IT network and property portfolio for Government and provide key services to Australians. In 2017-18 we provided assistance to a total of 11,880 consular cases and our 24-hour consular emergency centre took 62,000 calls. The Australian Passport Office provides world-class, secure and interoperable passports. In 2017-18 we issued 2,082,127 passports, an average of 238 per hour.

DFAT is a global employer, with 3,785 APS staff. Of these, 2,916 are in Australia and 869 are overseas. We employ an additional 2,298 locally engaged staff in our overseas missions. We manage an overseas diplomatic footprint of 117 posts, with new posts opening in Kolkata (India), Funafuti (Tuvalu) and eventually in Shenyang (China). This will increase our overseas footprint to 120 posts, consolidating our standing among the top twenty G20 and OECD countries in terms of our diplomatic reach (at 18th and 19th respectively), but we will still lag outside the top 25 countries overall (at 26th).

The Department's funding for 2018-19 is \$1.5 billion, with administered funding of \$3.9 billion. The Department is committed to efficient and modern business practices. Since 2013, the Department has provided \$13 billion in savings, including over \$1 billion from its operating budget and the reduction of 600 staff.

DFAT is building and strengthening its organisational capability to deliver on the objectives set out in the Foreign Policy White Paper. In doing so, the department must reconcile the ambition of our policy agenda within the reality of tight fiscal and human resource constraints. The department will continue to examine its culture, capability and operating model to ensure it is fit for purpose now and into the future. Valuing diversity and promoting inclusion will be integral to advancing Australia's national interests, driving innovation, and reflecting Australian values of fairness and equality.



Secretary, Frances Adamson

Frances Adamson has led the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade as Secretary since 25 August 2016.

Prior to her appointment as Secretary, Ms Adamson was International Adviser to the Prime Minister the Hon Malcolm Turnbull MP from November 2015.

From 2011 to 2015, Ms Adamson was Ambassador to the People's Republic of China. She served in the Australian Consulate-General in Hong Kong in the late 1980s during the early years of China's reform and opening. From 2001 to 2005, she was seconded as Representative to the Australian Commerce and Industry Office in Taipei.

Ms Adamson has twice served in the Australian High Commission in London, as Deputy High Commissioner from 2005 to 2008 and as Political Counsellor from 1993 to 1997.

She was Chief of Staff to the Minister for Foreign Affairs and then the Minister for Defence from 2009 to 2010.

Ms Adamson is President of the Institute of Public Administration Australia ACT Division. She is a member of the Efic Board, the Advisory Board of the Australian National University's National Security College and the Asia Society Australia Advisory Council. Ms Adamson is a Special Adviser to the Male Champions of Change and a member of Chief Executive Women. She was awarded a Sir James Wolfensohn Public Service Scholarship in 2015.

Ms Adamson has a Bachelor of Economics from the University of Adelaide and was a recipient of a 2014 Distinguished Alumni Award. She joined the then Department of Foreign Affairs in 1985.



Ms Penny Williams PSM

Ms Williams was appointed to the position of Deputy Secretary in February 2017.

Her responsibilities include: the Australian Passport Office, Contracting and Aid Management; the Corporate Management Group (People, Finance and Security Branches), the Diplomatic Academy, Information Management and Technology, and the Overseas Property Office and Services. Ms Williams chairs the Workplace Relations Committee, the Ethics Committee, the Information and Communications Technology Steering Committee, the Business Continuity Taskforce and the Indigenous Taskforce.

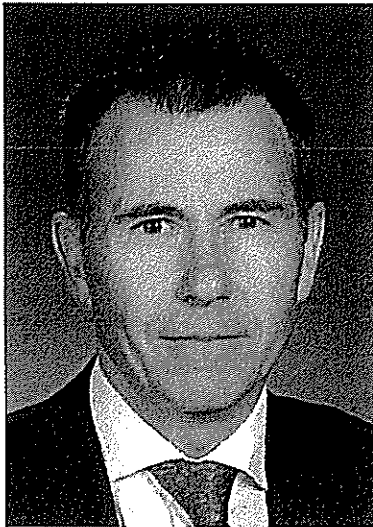
Prior to assuming this role in April 2018, Ms Williams was the Deputy Secretary for the International Security, Humanitarian and Consular Group.

From 2011 to 2013, Ms Williams was Australia's Global Ambassador for Women and Girls. She was also the Executive Director of the Australian Passport Office. She served as Australia's High Commissioner to Malaysia (2007-10) and undertook earlier postings to Chile and Syria.

In Canberra Ms Williams has held senior positions including First Assistant Secretary, Corporate Management Division (2005-07), First Assistant Secretary, Diplomatic Security, Information Management and Services Division (2004-05) among others.

Ms Williams holds a Bachelor of Arts in Asian Studies (Hons) and a Masters of Applied Anthropology and Participatory Development from the Australian National University. She speaks Indonesian and has studied Spanish and Arabic.

Ms Williams is the Department's Women in Leadership Band 3 Advocate.



Mr Richard Maude

Richard Maude is Deputy Secretary, Indo-Pacific Group, in the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade. His portfolio covers Australia's bilateral relations with Australia's partners in Asia, the South Pacific and North America, as well as Australia's regional political, security, economic and development assistance interests.

In 2017, Mr Maude was head of the whole-of-government taskforce which supported the preparation of the Australian Government's 2017 Foreign Policy White Paper.

Mr Maude was Director-General of the Office of National Assessments from May 2013 until November 2016. ONA reports directly to the Prime Minister and provides all-source assessments on international political, strategic and economic developments affecting Australia's national interests.

Before taking up the position of Director-General ONA, Mr Maude was the senior adviser on foreign policy and national security issues in the Office of the Prime Minister.

Mr Maude has worked extensively on international security and Indo Pacific affairs as a career foreign service officer in Australia's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade.

He has served overseas in Malaysia, where he was Deputy High Commissioner, Singapore and as the Liaison Officer for the Office of National Assessments in the Australian Embassy in Washington DC.

Mr Maude holds a first class honours degree in politics from the University of Adelaide and a Master of Arts (International Relations) from the Australian National University. He is married with three daughters.



Ms Caroline Millar

Ms Millar is Deputy Secretary for International Security, Humanitarian and Consular issues in the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade.

From October 2017 to March 2018 Ms Millar was Chargé d'Affaires a.i. at the Australian Mission to the European Union and NATO and the Australian Embassy to Belgium and Luxembourg. Ms Millar was Deputy Head of Mission at the Australian Embassy in Washington from January 2014 to September 2017. She served as Ambassador to the United Nations at Geneva and Ambassador for Disarmament from 2006 to 2010.

Ms Millar has worked extensively on international security and multilateral issues and on Australia's relationship with the United States. Her positions in the Department in Canberra have included First Assistant Secretary International Security Division, Head of the United Nations Security Council Campaign Task Force, Australian Ambassador for People Smuggling Issues and First Assistant Secretary, International Organisations and Legal Division. Ms Millar was seconded to the Office of National Assessments as senior Americas analyst from 1991 to 1992.

Overseas, Ms Millar has also served in the Australian Mission to the United Nations in New York, including as Acting Permanent Representative. She undertook an earlier posting in Washington and was also posted in Vietnam.

Ms Millar was educated at the University of Cambridge and holds a MA/BA (Hons) in history. She has studied French and Vietnamese. She is married with one daughter.



Mr Christopher Langman

Mr Langman was appointed Deputy Secretary in March 2018. Prior to that, he was Australia's Ambassador to Iraq. Mr Langman earlier served as Ambassador to the OECD in Paris, as Deputy Head of Mission to the United Nations in Geneva, and in Washington and Buenos Aires.

In Canberra, Mr Langman has held a number of senior positions, including as First Assistant Secretary, G20 Policy in the Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet in the lead-up to and during Australia's host year in 2014. He has also led DFAT's Trade and Economic Division, and the Office of Trade Negotiations, and was Special Negotiator for Agriculture and Australian Ambassador for the Environment.



Ms Clare Walsh

Ms Clare Walsh is the Deputy Secretary for the Global Cooperation, Development and Partnerships Group with Australia's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade.

Ms Walsh has a wide range of international and domestic policy experience from her 16 years working in the Australian Public Service. Prior to her current role, she was the Deputy Head of Mission at the Australian Embassy in Japan.

Ms Walsh led DFAT's development work of the G20 throughout Australia's Presidency in 2014. She was responsible for Australia's engagement in international efforts to design the post-2015 development agenda and the related global discussions on development finance. She managed DFAT's relationships with key multilateral organisations, including the Multilateral Development Banks and global health, education and environment funds as well as DFAT's bilateral relationships with other donor countries. Ms Walsh also managed Australia's strategic engagement with development focused non-government organisations and the Australian Volunteers for International Development program.

Ms Walsh was head of the International Division of the Department of Climate Change, and formerly held positions in the Department of Environment and the Department of Industry, Tourism and Resources.

Ms Walsh's academic qualifications include a Bachelor of Arts, a Graduate Diploma in Environmental Studies, and a Master of Management.

Global Network



- Location of Posts (DFA and Austrade)
- State and Territory Offices
- Torres Strait Treaty Liaison Office

DFAT-DECLASSIFIED
COPY ISSUED UNDER FOI ACT 1982

Australian Government embassies, high commissions, consulates, multilateral missions and representative offices managed by DFAT and Austrade (120 posts)		
Location	City	Type
Afghanistan	Kabul	Embassy
Argentina	Buenos Aires	Embassy
Austria	Vienna	Embassy and Permanent Mission to the United Nations
Bangladesh	Dhaka	High Commission
Belgium	Brussels	Embassy and Mission to the European Union
Brazil	Brasilia	Embassy
	São Paulo	Consulate-General*
Brunei Darussalam	Bandar Seri Begawan	High Commission
Cambodia	Phnom Penh	Embassy
Canada	Ottawa	High Commission
	Toronto	Consulate-General*
Chile	Santiago	Embassy
China	Beijing	Embassy
	Chengdu	Consulate-General
	Guangzhou	Consulate-General
	Hong Kong	Consulate-General
	Shanghai	Consulate-General
	Shenyang	Consulate-General#
Colombia	Bogotá	Embassy
Croatia	Zagreb	Embassy
Cyprus	Nicosia	High Commission
Denmark	Copenhagen	Embassy
Egypt	Cairo	Embassy
Ethiopia	Addis Ababa	Embassy
Federated States of Micronesia	Pohnpei	Embassy
Fiji	Suva	High Commission
France	Paris	Embassy and Permanent Delegation to UNESCO
	Paris	Delegation to the OECD
Germany	Berlin	Embassy
	Frankfurt	Consulate-General*
Ghana	Accra	High Commission
Greece	Athens	Embassy
India	New Delhi	High Commission
	Chennai	Consulate-General
	Kolkata	Consulate-General#
	Mumbai	Consulate-General
Indonesia	Jakarta	Embassy
	Jakarta ASEAN	Mission
	Bali (Denpasar)	Consulate-General

	Makassar	Consulate-General
	Surabaya	Consulate-General
Iran	Tehran	Embassy
Iraq	Baghdad	Embassy
Ireland	Dublin	Embassy
Israel	Tel Aviv	Embassy
Italy	Rome	Embassy and Permanent Mission to the FAO
	Milan	Consulate-General*
Japan	Tokyo	Embassy
	Fukuoka	Consulate-General*
	Osaka	Consulate-General*
	Sapporo	Consulate*
Jordan	Amman	Embassy
Kenya	Nairobi	High Commission
Kiribati	Tarawa	High Commission
Korea, Republic of	Seoul	Embassy
Kuwait	Kuwait City	Embassy
Laos	Vientiane	Embassy
Lebanon	Beirut	Embassy
Malaysia	Kuala Lumpur	High Commission
Malta	Malta	High Commission
Mauritius	Port Louis	High Commission
Mexico	Mexico City	Embassy
Mongolia	Ulaanbaatar	Embassy
Morocco	Rabat	Embassy
Myanmar	Yangon	Embassy
Nauru	Nauru	High Commission
Nepal	Kathmandu	Embassy
Netherlands	The Hague	Embassy
New Caledonia (France)	Noumea	Consulate-General
New Zealand	Wellington	High Commission
	Auckland	Consulate-General*
Nigeria	Abuja	High Commission
Pakistan	Islamabad	High Commission
Papua New Guinea	Port Moresby	High Commission
	Lae	Consulate-General
Peru	Lima	Embassy
Philippines	Manila	Embassy
Poland	Warsaw	Embassy
Portugal	Lisbon	Embassy
Qatar	Doha	Embassy
Russia	Moscow	Embassy
Samoa	Apia	High Commission

Saudi Arabia	Riyadh	Embassy
Serbia	Belgrade	Embassy
Singapore	Singapore	High Commission
Solomon Islands	Honiara	High Commission
South Africa	Pretoria	High Commission
Spain	Madrid	Embassy
Sri Lanka	Colombo	High Commission
Sweden	Stockholm	Embassy
Switzerland	Geneva	Permanent Mission to the United Nations
	Geneva	Permanent Mission to the WTO and Consulate-General
Thailand	Bangkok	Embassy and Permanent Mission to ESCAP
	Phuket	Consulate-General
Timor-Leste	Dili	Embassy
Tonga	Nuku'alofa	High Commission
Trinidad and Tobago	Port of Spain	High Commission
Turkey	Ankara	Embassy
	Çanakkale	Consulate
	Istanbul	Consulate-General
Tuvalu	Funafuti	High Commission#
Ukraine	Kyiv	Embassy
United Arab Emirates	Abu Dhabi	Embassy
	Dubai	Consulate-General*
United Kingdom	London	High Commission
United States of America	Washington DC	Embassy
	Chicago	Consulate-General
	Honolulu	Consulate-General
	Houston	Consulate-General*
	Los Angeles	Consulate-General
	New York	Consulate-General
	New York	Permanent Mission to the United Nations
	San Francisco	Consulate-General*
Vanuatu	Port Vila	High Commission
Vatican City	Vatican City	Embassy to the Holy See
Vietnam	Hanoi	Embassy
	Hô Chi Minh City	Consulate-General
Zimbabwe	Harare	Embassy

* Consulates managed by Austrade.

In Ramallah, the Australian Government maintains the Australian Representative Office.

In Taipei, the Australian Office represents Australian interests in Taiwan in the absence of formal relations. The office includes staff seconded from the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade and Austrade.

The Australian Government maintained a temporary post in Tallinn, Estonia from 23 April to 1 June 2018.

#Post announced but not yet opened

s 47C, s 47E(d)

Page redacted