Quality at Entry Report

Initiative Name: Australian Community Development and Civil Society Strengthening Scheme (ACCESS) Phase II AidWorks ID: Start Date: March 2008 End Date: March 2012 Total Amount: \$26,500,000

	Rating	Explanation	Pending Action (if needed)
1. Clear objectives	5	ACCESS has clear and concise objectives articulated in the design document. The purpose is to improve democratic governance in 16 districts in Indonesia.	
		The strategic direction and program approach adopted for ACCESS II builds on ACCESS I. These are: strengthening engagement between civil society and government; empowering citizens' participation for democratisation; and scaling-up impact, and is consistent with the draft country strategy and the draft governance strategy.	
		The activities align with the purpose and objectives of the program. The program is designed to complement the work of other donors in the sector, and to contribute to the GOI National Community Empowerment Program. It is strongly supported by the policy environment of both the Indonesian and Australian governments.	
		The initiative emphasises the strengthening of strategic partnerships with the GOI, decentralised institutions and local community service organisations.	
2. Monitoring framework	4-5	The program contains a monitoring structure, with a performance assessment framework monitoring the outcomes and processes, and learning and feedback embedded in the initiative.	Continual review of information generated from M&E activities will be required.
		The performance measures for key partners of	

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		ACCESS are based on the ACCESS	
		Principles and the Program Operations Handbook.	
		Handbook.	
		A Mid-Term Review will be undertaken	
		approximately twenty-three (23) months after	
		the Program Start Date to assess the	
		effectiveness and feasibility of the initiative.	
3. Sustainability	4	ACCESS has been working in Indonesia	More exploration
5. Sustainaonity	-	since 2002 and has established partnerships	required on the options
		and linkages in the civil society sector, with	through which to embed
		government, NGOs and CSOs.	sustainability and an exit
		government, NOOs and CSOS.	•
		Local project implementation activities will	strategy.
		be appraised for sustainability. ACCESS will	Sustainability of
		focus on embedding its community	Sustainability of institutional capacity
		development driven participatory planning	building and support
		processes within the CSO network, within the	programs will be
		government processes, or through support	considered in the later
		from other donors.	
		nom other donors.	years of the initiative.
		Sustainability will be achieved through	
		engagement at the district level and through	
		contribution to policy and programs at the national level.	
		national level.	
4. Implementation	4	Annex G contains a comprehensive risk	The change in the
and Risk		management framework, detailing the	boundaries of ACCESS
Management		implementation and contextual risks.	target areas will require
			regular monitoring.
		HIV/AIDS vulnerabilities are addressed in the	
		design document, and anti-corruptions	Maintaining
		measures are incorporated into the program's	communication with
		operational and governance arrangements.	managing contractor, the
		-r	advisers and AusAID to
		The flexibility of the design will enable	mitigate potential risks.
		necessary adjustments to risks as they	gute potential fishs.
		emerge.	
5. Analysis and	5	Continuous learning and improvement is	
lessons		achieved through constant reflection and	
		feedback from stakeholders, including GOI,	
		CBOs, and the DSC.	
		The ACCESS I action-reflection cycle has	
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		been a cornerstone of th and will be utilised in A enabled the initiative to circumstances and impr outcomes. The lessons reflected in the District Engagement Plan. The design integrates A gender, peace and confl HIV Aids and partnersh		
Initially rated by:	Endorsed by peer review on:		Approved by Chair:	
Name & Date	Date		Name & Date	
Dilani Edirisuriya				
(14 June 2007)				

Guidance on Quality Principles

1. Clearly stated objectives that contribute to higher level strategy objectives

- consistent with the country strategy and broader Australian priorities and policies?
- clear, measurable and realistic?
- Strengthen key strategic partnerships?
- clearly reflect needs of key beneficiaries and stakeholders?
- clearly supported by partner government and other key donors?

2. Monitoring framework can effectively measure progress towards objectives

- adequate details on what it will measure and how it will be operationalised?
- reporting will be enough for management decisions and for accountability and lessons learning?
- evidence base will be adequate for the conclusions that will need to be drawn?
- different roles and levels of monitoring for different parties (eg Australian mission, partner government, delivery organisation) known and workable?

3. Appropriately addresses sustainability

- stakeholder ownership, partner policies, programs and political context conducive for longer term benefits; or otherwise taken into account?
- planned assets, technical, organisational or institutional changes or reforms can be sustained?
- costs of initiative, during and after implementation, allowed for with evidence they can be met?

4. Implementation and Risk Management

- Sound implementation arrangements
- Roles and responsibilities of all main parties clearly identified and will be effective, particularly for "when things go wrong"?

- Design framework is robust to allow for necessary adjustments to risks as they emerge?
- Main risks and plans to prevent or mitigate them are identified?
- Quality control mechanisms for the initiative's major deliverables are adequate?

5. Based on sound technical analysis and continuous learning

- cross-cutting issues (eg gender equality, environment, anti-corruption, partnerships) taken into account?
- analysis takes into account gender, institutional, economic, financial, organisational and human resource issues as per AusGuide?
- lessons from previous experience in the sector and/or country taken into account?
- programming logic is sound, based on situation analysis and identifies a plausible solution?
- technical solutions proposed are both high quality and appropriate to the context?

Definitions of Rating Scale

Satisfactory (4, 5 and 6, above the line)

- 6 Very high quality; needs ongoing management and monitoring only
- 5 Good quality; needs minor work to improve in some areas
- 4 Adequate quality; needs some work to improve

Less than satisfactory (1, 2 and 3, below the line)

- 3 Less than adequate quality; needs work to improve in core areas
- 2 Poor quality; needs major work to improve
- 1 Very poor quality; needs major overhaul

For further information, please contact the Design and Procurement Advisory Group.