



**AUGUST-SEPTEMBER 2008**

## [Fifth Australia-India Foreign Ministers Framework Dialogue](#)

The Minister for Foreign Affairs, Stephen Smith, hosted the fifth Australia-India Foreign Ministers' Framework Dialogue with his Indian counterpart, the Minister of External Affairs, Pranab Mukherjee, on 23 June in Canberra. It was Mr Mukherjee's first visit to Australia and the first Framework Dialogue since 2005.

Both Governments recognised the significant potential for further cooperation across several areas, and committed to taking the relationship to a higher level. Mr Smith and Mr Mukherjee welcomed the diversification and strengthening of links between Australia and India, noting in particular the importance of cooperation in resources, education, and science and technology. The ministers affirmed the need for Australia and India to work together to fight terrorism, signed extradition and legal mutual assistance treaties and welcomed the decision to hold regular talks between the Chiefs of Defence forces.

Mr Smith and Mr Mukherjee agreed on a number of new initiatives, including up to \$10 million over the next five years under Australia's development assistance program to build public sector linkages between the two countries, launching a bilateral water dialogue and forming a new Joint Working Group on Visa, Consular and Passport Matters.

The Ministers also announced that the two countries had decided to extend the political partnership which binds the two countries together by establishing a new forum, the Australia-India Roundtable. Funded primarily by the Australia-India Council and convened by the Lowy Institute and the Indian Council for World Affairs, the Roundtable will bring together leading individuals from both countries every year to discuss the opportunities and challenges facing Australia and India in the twenty-first century.

Taking our well-established cricket relationship in a new direction, the ministers also welcomed the decision of the Australia-India Council to fund training programs for some of India's most promising young women cricketers. The Cricket Centre of Excellence in Brisbane will host the inaugural recipients of the new women's scholarships in August.

During his visit to Canberra, Mr Mukherjee also met with the Prime Minister, attended Question Time and was Mr Smith's guest of honour at a dinner, which included the Defence Minister, senior Australian business representatives and members of Parliament.



L to R Mr Stephen Smith, Mr Pranab Mukherjee and Prime Minister Mr Kevin Rudd

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[Australia-India Joint Ministerial Commission \(JMC\)](#)

Hon Kamal Nath and Hon Simon Crean

The Minister for Trade, Simon Crean, hosted the eleventh Australia-India Joint Ministerial Commission (JMC) with his Indian counterpart, Commerce and Industry Minister Kamal Nath, on 20 May in Melbourne. The JMC is the highest level trade and investment consultation between Australia and India.

It was Mr Nath's first visit to Australia since 2005 and provided a useful opportunity to discuss the progress of the WTO Doha Round, as well as key bilateral and regional trade issues. The Ministers witnessed the signing of a memorandum of understanding on intellectual property cooperation and noted that their Governments are pursuing new dialogues and exchanges on economic policy, water management and competition policy. Ministers also agreed to establish a bilateral CEO Forum to strengthen further the key business-to-business relationship.

India is the world's second fastest growing major economy, with growth rates around 8-9 per cent per annum. It is Australia's fastest growing major export market for both goods and services - increasing at over 28 percent annually over the last five years. India is already Australia's sixth largest merchandise export market and eighth largest services market.

"Australia has an historic opportunity to build a stronger relationship with this emerging power in our region," said Mr Crean.

"While India is already Australia's sixth largest merchandise export market and eighth largest services market there is potential to do much more together," said Mr Crean.

"Our economies have striking economic complementarities and are natural trade and investment partners. I am committed to taking the bilateral relationship with India to a higher level."

This is the third time Mr Crean has met Mr Nath, including in India during one of his first overseas visits in government. Mr Crean said that he is keen to ensure that Australia is best positioned to capitalise on the potential of the relationship, particularly in the resources and energy sectors, but also from Australia's competencies in services, manufactures, biotechnology and agriculture.

The two countries are partners in the East Asia Summit and Australia supports India's membership of APEC when the moratorium expires.

"We also welcomed the good momentum established in the joint FTA feasibility study and committed to adopting a bold and ambitious approach to the study," said Mr Crean.

The two ministers agreed the report of the study should be presented to Governments by the end of 2008.

Mr Crean also discussed Australia's market access requests with Mr Nath, as well as Australia's concerns about India's sugar export subsidies. He reiterated that Australia sought an end to the subsidies.

"It is in Australia's national interests that our economic links with India continue to broaden," he said.

"Our people-to-people links are helping cement India as a key economic partner for Australia," said Mr Crean. "This current financial year India has become the largest source of skilled migrants to Australia. It is also the second largest source of business and student visas. These links will ensure our economic relationship endures and continues to mature."

Mr Nath was accompanied by an Indian delegation with over 50 senior business executives and trade officials, highlighting the growing diversity and strength of the business to business relationship.

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### 17th Meeting of India–Australia Joint Business Council

The 17th meeting of India-Australia Joint Business Council (JBC) was held on 20th May 2008 in Melbourne. The Hon Simon Crean, Minister for Trade & Industry and Mr Kamal Nath, the Hon Minister for Commerce & Industry, Govt. of India addressed the JBC. Mr Mukul Kasliwal, Chairman MW Corp & Mr Sanjiv Batre, CMD, NMTC jointly led the FICCI Business Delegation. The Australian side was led by Mr Brian Hayes QC, Chairman, Australia-India Business Council. His Excellency John McCarthy, High Commissioner for Australia in India and Her Excellency Mrs Sujata Singh, High Commissioner for India in Australia, along with senior officials from the governments of India and Australia participated in the discussions.

The meeting generated a great deal of interest and was attended by a cross section of Indian and Australian companies with interests in developing stronger commercial linkages.

Detailed presentations were made on the occasion covering various aspects of the Indian and Australian economies. These aimed at updating both sides on the areas they need to focus upon to further their business linkages. There were workshops on Resources, Infrastructure and Agribusiness, Biotechnology and Pharmaceuticals, ICT, Banking and Financial Services, Education and R&D.

#### Highlights of the meeting:

- Both sides expressed confidence that the ongoing dialogue between the businesses and governments of the two countries through the joint business Council and the joint Ministerial Commission would continue to strengthen bilateral economic relations.
- Both sides were positive on the joint feasibility study on the merits of a Free Trade Agreement between the two countries which is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.
- The need for closer economic ties was recognized and it was stated that both Indian and Australian markets should be approached with optimism and pursued with patience.
- The trade (goods and services) volume between the two countries, although it has increased to reach A\$12.8 billion in 2006-07, could be further expanded. It was deemed necessary that the base of commodities traded between the two countries be widened.
- Balance of trade is in Australia's favour and this trend is likely to continue.
- It was noted that the Services are playing an increasing role in the India-Australia Trade relationship.
- There was considerable exchange of views on Information and Communications Technology with both sides seeing opportunities to leverage off each other's skills and knowledge.
- There were a number of products with considerable scope for increased trade between the two countries and these included: pearls and gems, textiles and clothing, jewellery, floor covering, coal, copper ores and raw wool.

It was decided that the next meeting of the Australia-India JBC should be scheduled for 2009 in India, at a mutually convenient time. Both Councils stressed the value of arranging the JBC to coincide with the next JMC meeting.



L to R: Brian Hayes, QC Chairman of AIBC, Harish Rao, Deputy Chairman AIBC, Hon Kamal Nath, Hon Simon Crean

## Second 'Australia-India Strategic Lecture' – Mr Lalit Mansingh

In March 2008, the Australia-India Council was pleased to host the first visit to Australia by Mr Lalit Mansingh, former Indian Foreign Secretary, Ambassador to the US and High Commissioner to the UK. Mr Mansingh travelled to Australia to deliver the second annual Australia-India Strategic Lecture on 25 March 2008 at the Lowy Institute for International Policy in Sydney.

Mr Mansingh remains an influential policy figure in India and is frequently consulted by the Indian Government. He also remains active in several Indian and US think tank roles (Foreign Service Institute of India, Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies, Indian Council for Sustainable Development, the Brookings Institute).

Mr Mansingh's lecture 'The promise and the limits of the India-US relationship: what it means for Asia and the world' was delivered to an audience of over 100 people, including several influential media and foreign policy commentators. Mr Mansingh outlined the evolution of the Indo-US relationship, from India's perceptions of early US conclusions that Pakistan was more strategically useful and that India's economy held no promise, to India's 1998 nuclear tests and a changing US position on India's conflict with Pakistan, to extensive engagement by the current US administration across a range of issues, most notably the civil nuclear agreement. Mr Mansingh argued that India's rise was a positive development, as it was evolving into a pragmatic global player which retained its Gandhian ideals of being a force for good on international issues.

Mr Mansingh spoke very positively about the bilateral Australia-India relationship, noting that India saw Australia as an important partner in Asia and the Indian Ocean region. Issues that had put India and Australia at odds in the past have been resolved, and connections such as trade and education are bringing the two countries ever closer. He noted that the issue of uranium sales from Australia to India was leading to some negative coverage about Australia in the Indian press, but advised that other issues of common concern should be prioritised to keep the growing relationship on track.

In addition to the Australia-India Strategic Lecture, Mr Mansingh undertook an extensive program in Australia. He spent a week in Australia, visiting Sydney, Canberra and Perth. He met with the Foreign Minister, Stephen Smith, and other leaders in government, academia and industry. He also delivered well attended public presentations in Canberra at the ANU, and in Perth to a joint Murdoch University/DFAT WA event.

The Australia-India Strategic Lecture is a joint initiative of the Australia-India Council and the Lowy Institute for International Policy. It features an eminent Indian speaking on a topic of strategic importance to the Australia-India relationship. The inaugural Strategic Lecture was delivered in February 2007 by Professor Raja Mohan, Strategic Affairs Editor of the Indian Express and one of the most influential commentators on India's foreign and strategic policy.



Mr Mansingh delivering his lecture at the Lowy Institute

### Australia, India and Asian Integration: Building upon the East Asia Summit The Fifth Sir John Crawford Lecture

Eminent Australian economist, Professor Peter Drysdale delivered the fifth Sir John Crawford Lecture on the theme: *Australia, India and Asian Integration: Building upon the East Asia Summit*, in New Delhi on 3 April 2008. Professor Drysdale is Emeritus Professor of Economics and Visiting Fellow in the Crawford School of Economics and Government at the Australian National University.

Professor Drysdale, who worked closely with Sir John Crawford for several decades, said that while India's growth had been remarkable, South Asia was still far from realising its full potential. India's further economic success would be dependent on its national policies, but regional cooperation could assist these efforts. An Asian regionalism that fostered a regional economy that was internally integrated, closely connected with other international markets, and assumed a responsibility and influence in global economic arrangements more commensurate with its new economic weight would bolster Asian and global welfare, and lessen the risks in trade and economic transformation. He noted that the incorporation of India into the East Asia Summit provided a critical platform for strategic economic cooperation between India, China, Japan, Southeast Asia and Australasia, and this could be used to build an effective Asian coalition for dealing with major global issues.

The lecture was very well received by the distinguished audience comprising senior economists, academics and journalists, and was followed by a lively discussion. Dr Bimal Jalan, President, National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER), chaired the session.

Coinciding with the lecture, a workshop on *Advancing Economic Integration in South and East Asia* was jointly organised by the NCAER and the East Asia Bureau of Economic Research (EABER), Australia. Whilst in India, Professor Drysdale also undertook a program of appointments with key Indian economic and strategic experts and senior Government officials in Mumbai and New Delhi.

Established in 2001, the prestigious Crawford Lecture series provides a forum for eminent Australians to deliver lectures in India on topics of common public interest. A joint initiative of the Australia-India Council (AIC) and the National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER), the lecture series commemorates Sir John Crawford, a prominent Australian economist who helped pioneer the Green revolution in India.

A counterpart lecture-series, the K R Narayanan Oration, provides a forum for guest lectures in Australia by eminent Indians. The Narayanan Oration is hosted by the Australian South Asia Research Centre (ASARC) at the Australian National University.



Prof Peter Drysdale

### Great Moments in Science - Dr Karl Kruszelnicki's Tour of India

The Australia-India Council recently delivered a highly successful four-city tour of India by popular Australian scientist and science communicator, Dr Karl Kruszelnicki (known colloquially as Dr Karl). Dr Karl is currently the Julius Sumner Miller Fellow at the University of Sydney. Dr Karl spoke on 'Great moments in Science' in Mumbai, New Delhi, Hyderabad and Bangalore, drawing enthusiastic audiences across India.

The objective of the visit was to showcase Australia as an advanced scientific nation, and Dr Karl as an outstanding Australian science author and educator. In each city, Dr Karl made presentations at premier science and technology institutions and at science centres for school students. The presentations were tailor-made for each institution, and were particularly targeted at inspiring school students to pursue careers in science. Dr Karl presented interesting scientific facts in the form of entertaining stories, interspersed with audience participation exercises.

Dr Karl was invited to speak at the inaugural session of the national symposium on *Contemporary Environmental Problems & Biotechnological Applications in their Management*, organised by JNU in New Delhi. He also spoke at a conference on *Popularisation of Science and inculcation of scientific temper among people* in Hyderabad, which also provided an opportunity to meet with some senior Indian scientists and heads of premier science institutions.

The audiences were extremely enthusiastic about Dr Karl's presentations. A research scholar at the prestigious IIT Mumbai claimed it was the best presentation he had attended during his four years at IIT. Another research scholar at the Indian Institute of Science in Bangalore said that while they had many scientists and Nobel laureates visiting, Dr Karl's presentation was one that had captured the audience's attention and involvement throughout. Dr Karl was mobbed by autograph seeking school students in each city.

Dr Karl also generated impressive media interest in India. Over 30 media stories and news items have appeared so far, as well as television coverage in Hyderabad and Bangalore.

Dr Karl's visit is set to have a continuing impact. Harper-Collins published Indian editions of two of Dr Karl's best-selling books to coincide with his tour, which will continue to be sold in bookshops across India. An Indian media publication has expressed an interest in commissioning a regular column by Dr Karl, and several organisations wish to invite him to visit India again in the very near future.



Dr Karl signing books at a local school

## Australia-India Joint FTA Feasibility Study : Progress

Considerable progress has been made with the joint Australia-India FTA feasibility study, which governments agreed to undertake in August 2007.

Terms of Reference for the study were agreed in April 2008 and are comprehensive, covering goods, services and investment as well as key cross-cutting issues such as government procurement, intellectual property, competition policy, sanitary and phytosanitary issues, and labour mobility.

The joint feasibility study group (JSG) has so far met twice in New Delhi (17 April and 11-12 August 2008) and in Melbourne on 21 May 2008.

The Minister for Trade, Mr Crean, and the Indian Commerce and Industry Minister, Mr Nath, agreed at the 11th Joint Ministerial Commission, held in Melbourne in May, that completion of the study should be brought forward to the end of 2008, reflecting the priority attached by both governments to enhancing the economic relationship. We remain on track to achieve this objective, though intensive work will be required to finalise the text of the study report.

We have now completed face-to-face consultations with industry and state/territory governments in all states/territories, and appreciate the valuable input offered at these meetings.

We are still able to receive submissions but time is running out if the advice is to be reflected in the study report.

The study team is happy to field any queries about the study, either by email: [india.ftastudy@dfat.gov.au](mailto:india.ftastudy@dfat.gov.au) or telephone (02 6261 9693).

## Call for Round Three Applications: Australia-India Strategic Research Fund

### Overview

The Australia-India Strategic Research Fund (AISRF) facilitates and supports science and technology research cooperation between Australia and India. The AISRF assists Australian researchers to increase their participation in leading edge scientific research with Indian counterparts, raises the profile of Australian research, and supports the development of strategic alliances between Australian and Indian researchers.

### Support Available

Competitive funding support is available for collaborative projects and workshops covering a range of mutually agreed priority areas. Under the *Indo-Australian Biotechnology Fund*, these areas are: vaccines and medical diagnostics; biomedical devices and implants; nutraceuticals and functional foods; transgenic crops; stem cells; and bioremediation. Priority areas for the *Indo-Australian Science and Technology Fund* are: agricultural research; environment sciences; astronomy and astrophysics; microelectronic devices and materials; nanotechnology; renewable energy; marine science; and earth systems science.

Applications for funding will be accepted from: tertiary education institutions; Cooperative Research Centres; Australian registered businesses; registered industry groups; Australian public sector research agencies; and Australian private, not for profit, research organisations.

### How to Apply

Applications for funding for *Indo-Australian Science and Technology Fund* and *Indo-Australian Biotechnology Fund* grants will be assessed on a competitive basis against specific criteria. The Australian and Indian Governments will bilaterally determine which applications for funding are successful.

**Round Three will open on Monday 4 August 2008 at 9:00 AM AEST and close on Friday 26 September 2008 at 17:00 PM AEST.**

Australian applicants should refer to the AISRF guidelines, available at [www.innovation.gov.au/aisrf](http://www.innovation.gov.au/aisrf) before commencing their application.

Further information is also available by contacting the International Science Branch by email: [aisrf@innovation.gov.au](mailto:aisrf@innovation.gov.au) or by phone: (02) 6240 9387.

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### [iGate opens its Australia centre in Ballarat](#)

International technology company, iGate Global Solutions, opened a national operations centre in Ballarat on 13th June 2008, creating 40 new jobs with more to come in the next few years.

Victorian Information and Communication Technology Minister, Mr Theo Theophanous, who officially opened the iGate centre, said “the decision by iGate to base its national centre in Ballarat is a vote of confidence for ICT in the region and testament to Victoria’s reputation as Australia’s leading state in the country.

iGate Global Solutions provides new computer infrastructure, known as Integrated Technology and Operations (iTOPS), delivering clients optimized business solutions and savings. Its Ballarat centre joins other similar operations in the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada, Malaysia and India.

“We are very pleased to be in Ballarat, an ICT knowledge centre within Victoria. With this centre in place iGate now has more ambitious plans to introduce the revolutionary iTOPS model to businesses and government in Australia,” said Mr Phaneesh Murthy, CEO, iGate Global Solutions.

“Since 1999, the Victorian Government has attracted and facilitated investment worth more than \$1.5 billion and over 10,000 jobs in the ICT sector. The industry generates over \$24.4 billion in annual revenue, exports over \$1 billion and employs more than 84,000 people—over a third of the national ICT workforce”, said Mr Theophanous.

### [Gujarat NRE ships first load of Australian coking coal to India](#)

Gujarat NRE Coke Ltd, the largest independent producer of low-ash metallurgical coke (LAMC) in the country, on 12th June loaded the first shipment of coking coal produced at its NRE Wongawilli Colliery in Australia, headed for India. More than 20,000 tonnes of coal from the recently –acquired mine was loaded on the bulk carrier Sea Urchin at Port Kembla’s coal loader.

“Once it arrives in India, it will be washed and prepared for the steel market at one of the company’s three metallurgical coke plants where waste heat recovery processes are being established to generate electricity, improve profitability and earn carbon credits.” said Mr Arun Kumar Jagatramka, Vice-Chairman and Managing Director.

Gujarat NRE is currently operating two mines in the Wollongong area. The company is the only Indian company with coking coal mines in Australia that have more than 500 million tonnes of metallurgical coal with excellent coking properties.

### [IITC, BHP Billiton sign MoU for joint research](#)

The Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (IICT) has signed a memorandum of Understanding with Australian mining giant BHP Billiton. The understanding with BHP Billiton Innovation Melbourne, would entail joint research in mining and mineral processing areas, according to Dr YS Yadav, Director of the Hyderabad-based IICT. BHP Billiton Innovation manages the technology and intellectual property portfolio of the BHP Billiton Group of Companies. IICT has experts and capabilities in the area of hydrometallurgical treatment of minerals and wastes for the separation and recovery of valuable metals, design and synthesis of new materials for separation of hafnium from zirconium tailings, etc.

### [Raymond sets world record by winning the global bid for the rare bale of 11.6 micron wool](#)

Thursday 26 June 2008

Raymond Woollen Mills Ltd, India’s largest manufacturer of woollen fabrics paid \$244,000 for one ultra fine bale of wool which is the finest bale of wool ever sold at an Australian wool auction. The price equates to A\$2,690 a kilogram which is more than 300 times the benchmark price of standard Australian wool on the day.

The 92 kg bale of wool was produced by the Hillcrest Pinehill Partnership, Bigga in Southern New South Wales. The greasy wool tested at 11.6 microns which equates to around 10 times finer than a human hair. It also achieved the highest accreditation a Type 1PP, which is the ultimate in wool type, in terms of evenness of style, character and handle of the wool.

Raymond beat strong competition from Italian and Korean woollen mills for the bale of wool. Raymond has around 60 % of the market share in woollen fabrics in India. It is expected that Raymond should be able to manufacture around 40 suit lengths from the bale.

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Homeless World Cup

In December 2008, Melbourne will host the 6th Annual "Homeless World Cup", an international sports project that uses the power of soccer to raise the issues of homelessness and poverty worldwide. The event will feature up to 56 teams from around the world, including India. The organisers are seeking to recruit two volunteer "Team Liaison Officers" to provide a friendly and helpful connection between the visiting Indian team and their host city. An understanding of the cultural background of the Indian team would be an advantage, and Hindi speakers are particularly encouraged to apply.



If you are interested in this unique and rewarding experience, please visit [www.bigissue.org.au](http://www.bigissue.org.au) for more information.



JHOOM—A BOLLYWOOD EXTRAVAGANZA

A charity night to show support to children living in the slums of India.

[www.manavsadhna.org](http://www.manavsadhna.org)

Come and join this worthwhile event

Tickets: \$20/\$30

World Youth Day features enthusiastic Indian Group

It was not a U2 or Rolling Stones concert but Kerala-based Christian group Rexband attracted a crowd worthy of a rock concert – a Christian one at least – outside the Sydney Opera House on July 16.

Alongside a host of other Christian bands from all over the world, Rexband performed as part of the evening's World Youth Day (WYD) festivities.

They were the first Indian band to be invited to a WYD festival, their first invitation coming for the 2002 event held in Toronto. Sydney is their third WYD festival, having also performed in 2005 in Cologne, Germany.



Coordinator and vocalist Shelton Pineiro said their connection with young pilgrims inspired the group to keep coming back.

## Upcoming events

- 3rd September—4th Leaders of Innovation International Series—India. Luncheon—Melbourne  
Email: [info@ausinnovation.org](mailto:info@ausinnovation.org)
- 10th September—Globalisation & Collaboration—"Why India is vital to Australia's future". Luncheon—Sydney with Glen Boreham, MD, IBM Australia/New Zealand. Email: [aibcnsw.org.au](mailto:aibcnsw.org.au)
- 16th September—2008 KR Narayanan Oration—"Why environmentalism needs equity: learning from the environmentalism of the poor to build your common future" by Ms Sunita Narain, Director of the Centre for Science & Environment, New Delhi. Australian National University Canberra. For further information <http://irspas.anu.edu.au/economics/asarc/>
- 23rd September—4th Leaders in Innovation International Series—India. Luncheon—Sydney  
Email: [info@ausinnovation.org](mailto:info@ausinnovation.org)
- 16th October—Luncheon in Canberra. Email: [sdixon@catalystevents.com.au](mailto:sdixon@catalystevents.com.au)
- 18 October: Diwali Gala Dinner, Melbourne. Email Ms Wendy Farrell, [info@aibc.org.au](mailto:info@aibc.org.au)  
Ph +61 3 8662 5213
- 20-29 October: India to the Max. Trade mission to 4 cities in India lead by Max Walker, former Australian test cricketer. Email Ms Wendy Farrell, [info@aibc.org.au](mailto:info@aibc.org.au) Ph +61 3 8662 5213

## Australia-India Focus

The Australia-India Focus newsletter is produced bi-monthly by the Australia-India Council and the Australia India Business Council. Australia-India Focus aims to inform our readers on the range of cultural and business activities occurring between Australia and India. The views expressed within this publication do not necessarily reflect those of the Australia-India Council or the Australia India Business Council. Articles may be reproduced freely with acknowledgement.

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The Australia-India Council (AIC) was established in 1992 in response to a recommendation by the Senate Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade, following an inquiry into Australia's relations with India.

The Council initiates or supports a range of activities designed to promote a greater awareness of Australia in India and a greater awareness of India in Australia, including visits and exchanges between the two countries, development of institutional links, and support of studies in each country of the other. The Council offers support, in the form of funding, for projects likely to contribute to the development of the relationship, within the context of AIC objectives and guidelines.

For more information, visit [www.dfat.gov.au/aic](http://www.dfat.gov.au/aic)

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The AIBC is a national NGO and is recognised by the Australian government as the peak body for promoting business links between Australia and India. The AIBC first point of contact by government and business representatives from both countries seeking access to industry, business and government leaders of both countries.

The Council runs business events in major capitals of Australia and runs trade delegations to India.

For more information, visit [www.aibc.org.au](http://www.aibc.org.au)

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